

THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 16

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, May 7, 1931

No. 3



CALL ON US FOR

Garden Seeds, Onion Sets, Peas,
Beans and Sunflower Seeds

A Fine Blended Tea	-	-	-	39c
P. & G. Soap, 6 bars	-	-	-	22c
Honey	-	-	-	59c
Oranges, large, 18 for	-	-	-	52c
Our Finest Bulk Coffee	-	-	-	40c
2 lbs. Cheese 5 lbs. Macaroni	-	-	-	82c
Natural Leaf Tobacco, per lb.	-	-	-	50c

Red & White Store

Owned and Operated by

Acadia Produce Co.

C. W. RIDDOUT

GEO. E. AITKEN

Tire and Battery

Prices Are Down

Having recently dropped from 10 to 20 per cent.

30x3 1-2 Tires, \$5.25 and up
29x4.40 Tires, \$6.95 and up
30x4.50 Tires, \$7.90 and up

11-Plate Standard Make Battery, \$8.75

13-Plate Ford Heavy Duty Battery, \$10.85

COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10, Chinook

---MODERNIZE---

Add to the value, appearance, comfort and life of your property.

RE-MODEL

Your old home into a modern up-to-date, comfortable dwelling.

RE-CONDITION

Your property and save on depreciation.

REPAIR

And keep your property investment in shape.

IT PAYS TO MODERNIZE

Imperial Building Supplies Ltd., Chinook

Your Printing Supplies

This is the time of the year when you should get your Printing supplies for the season. We can supply you with all lines of Commercial Printing, such as Letter Heads, Envelopes, Bill Heads, Statements, Business Cards, or anything you may need.

Our prices are right and we guarantee satisfaction to our Customers.

When You Advertise In The Advance

You do so with the knowledge that you are reaching the people over the whole District. Not in many years have prices been so low on a vast number of merchandise items as at present. Buyers are eager to buy when they find bargains and the seller who advertises these bargains captures the buyers.

BUYERS READ

The Chinook Advance

Fortnightly Crop Report

Crop correspondents report that from 40 to 75 per cent of the wheat is sown. In those parts of northern and western Alberta where moisture supplies are adequate for germination, seeding is progressing fairly rapidly. Other districts report that seeding is being delayed to a certain extent awaiting much needed moisture. About 10 per cent of the oat crop is seeded.

There has been considerable soil drifting throughout the province, but crop damage from this cause has not been serious to date. Very little seed was in the ground at the period of greatest soil drifting. The high temperatures of the past few days has been favorable to rapid germination where moisture is sufficient and good stands are expected. In the eastern parts of central and southern Alberta the moisture supply is insufficient and uniform stands cannot be expected unless rains come early.

There is a tendency to decrease the area sown to wheat and increase the acreage of coarse grains and fodder crops. In the drier areas only well prepared land, such as summerfallow, is being sown to wheat. If dry conditions continue, a large part of the remaining area will be summer fallowed; otherwise coarse grains will be seeded. An increase in the area devoted to coarse grains and fodder crops will be necessary to provide for the increasing numbers of livestock being kept.

Steps taken by the Dominion and Provincial governments, the railways and the municipalities to provide seed grain in areas where there was a crop failure last year have been adequate to the need. All districts report a sufficient supply of good seed.

There are isolated instances of difficulty being experienced in financing the purchase of tractor fuel. In the majority of instances horses are available, and while tractors will be used less than formerly, this will not result in curtailing the crop acreage to any extent.

The mild weather of the past winter has been favorable to livestock and they are reported to be in good condition. Spring litters of pigs are satisfactory both in numbers and in vigour. Losses occurred during the cold weather of March. These losses have not been greater than usual, however. Reports indicate that there is a material increase in the hog population over previous years.

In Memoriam

William A. Rogers, for some time a resident of Edmonton South, passed away at the home of his daughter, Mrs. F. J. Stade, Vancouver, B.C., Saturday morning, March 14. He is survived by three daughters, Mary E., Mrs. F. J. Stade, Vancouver, B.C.; Mrs. F. R. Harback, Chicago, Ill.; also a grand daughter, Mary Ruth Stade, Vancouver, and sister, Mrs. William Agnew, Owen Sound, Ont. The remains were taken to Edmonton for burial.

The deceased was well known in this district, as he farmed northeast of Chinook for a number of years. His eldest daughter, Miss Mary E. Rogers, taught in the Chinook Consolidated school for some years and Miss Florence and Ruth (who are both married now) took their high school training in Chinook. The family has the sympathy of their friends here.

Escaped Auto Thief Arrested By Police

Harvey Bogstie, 18-year old convicted car thief, who escaped from an Alberta Provincial Police escort last week on his way to Lethbridge jail, was arrested by Calgary police Saturday evening under the alias of Ronald Bottrell.

Four charges of car stealing were read to him in police court Tuesday. Magistrate Roberts, of Hanna, sentenced him to one year's imprisonment for theft of a car belonging to Dr. Cross, of Hanna, on April 27. He escaped when he alighted from a police auto behind the provincial police barracks at Calgary.

Police now allege Bottrell stole an auto belonging to George De noon, on April 24; a car belonging to W. K. Cunningham on April 18, one belonging to Mrs. G. Lynch on April 28, all of Calgary, and one from Strathmore.

Heathdale Happenings

Mr. and Mrs. H. King were Youngstown visitors Saturday and on their way home called at the W. Anderson home.

Miss Audrey Neff accompanied her parents on a motor trip to Medicine Hat during the week end, where they visited with Mrs. Neff's brother, Mr. T. Knight.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Poeckens and Vera spent Sunday at the home of Mrs. Poeckens' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Munroe.

Miss Audrey Neff visited at the Harrington home last Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Wilson and family were guests Sunday at the L. Leftwich home.

Mrs. S. A. Gustin left for her home in Saskatoon last Monday, after spending the past month with her mother, Mrs. E. A. Jacobson. Before leaving she visited with Mrs. Maloney, of Youngstown.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davis were guests at the home of E. A. Jacobson Sunday, also Mr. Philija and Mr. and Mrs. Maloney, of Youngstown.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Reade and family and Ethan Hagey spent Sunday at the E. B. Allen home.

O. D. Harrington, O. Savage, W. Faulkner and E. B. Allen were some of the farmers from the south who shipped cattle on Monday to Youngstown.

Peyton Pickings

The following are the averages obtained by the Peyton school pupils in the March and April examinations:

Grade 2—Annie Bellmont 80, Frances Huggard 71.
Grade 3—Barbara Shier 84, Bruce Hutchison 80.
Grade 4—Jack Shier 75, Peter Heidebrecht 65.
Grade 5—Alice Peterson 86, Jean Huggard 64.
Grade 6—Dorothy Robison 76, Agatha Heidebrecht 76, Ruth Robison 69.
Grade 7—Ernest Peterson 84, Irene Shier 81, Stanley Huggard 54.

Enid and Douglas Switzer are now attending Peyton school.

A nice rain fell in this district this morning, after a long and continuous dry spell. Now that the break is made we hope for more rain, as the land will stand a lot of moisture in order to assure a crop this year.

PINEAPPLE, 7 for \$1.00

Lusher's Jelly Powders, 3 for	25c
Red Plum Jam, 4 lb. pail	47c
TEA, Choice Pulk, per lb.	37½c
COFFEE, Best Santos, per lb.	35c

P. & G. Soap The Best White Naphtha 10 bars 39c

ONE PENCIL FREE

WITH

3 5c Plain Scribblers for 10c

HURLEY'S

You Will Be Needing

Garden Seeds
Rakes and Hoes

For that garden of yours

We Can Supply Them

Banner Hardware

For the Choicest of Meats

Call and see us. Prime Beef, Pork, Veal and Mutton on hand at all times.
Dill Pickles, Sauer Kraut, Fresh and Smoked Fish.

Special—Lard, 2 lbs. 25c

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Bargains! Bargains! BARGAINS!

DON'T MISS MY

CLOSING-OUT SALE

as everything is going at COST

We have a few Sets of HARNESS which we will clear at Less Than Cost.

Come in and see what we have, as this is a real chance to get your Summer Supplies now

IT WILL CLOSE MAY 16

S. H. SMITH

The Chinook Women's Institute have expended a considerable sum of money in procuring trees for town planting and the village has also expended money in preparing the ground. Now that these trees have been planted, the co-operation of the citizens is sought in caring for the same, and the public is requested to refrain from crossing or driving on the plowed areas other than at gateways where trees were spaced for the driveways.

The little five year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Strong, who live south of town, while playing with matches on Friday, set fire to a chicken house, which was burned, also two granaries, a quantity of seed oats and some feed wheat. Had it not been for the assistance of neighbors the house and barn, in all probability, would have been burned.

Mr. and Mrs. Joyce and daughter Shirley, of Lacombe visited with Chinook friends this week.

GAS

relieved

WHAT most people call indigestion is usually excess acid in the stomach. Food has soured. The instant remedy is an alkali which neutralizes acids. But don't use crude helps. Use what your doctor would advise.

The best help is Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. For the 50 years since its invention, it has remained standard with physicians. You will find nothing else so quick in its effect, so harmless, so efficient.

(Made in Canada)



One tasteless spoonful in water neutralizes many times its volume in acid. The results are immediate with no harmful after-effects.

Once you learn this perfect way you'll never deal in any other manner with the headaches, gas, bloating, nausea, dizziness, indigestion, biliousness, etc., due to an over-acid stomach and bowels.

Be sure to get genuine Phillips'. Look for the name Phillips on the bottle. All druggists sell it—50c.

The Canadian Constitution

Is the constitution of the Dominion of Canada, being the British North America Act, 1867, out of date?

Recent decisions by the higher Provincial courts of law, the Supreme Court of Canada, and the Privy Council all give point to the question.

If other words, is a hard and fast written constitution drafted in the eighteenth century, long before the days of the automobile, radio, airplanes, and modern big business suitable to our present twentieth century needs? Nay more, is the present distribution of powers and authority as between the Dominion Parliament on the one hand, and the various Provincial Legislatures on the other, the best arrangement under which to carry on our public business today, not to mention possibly even more complicated developments in the years to come?

Unlike Great Britain, which has no written constitution but is governed by a Parliament guided by precedent built upon precedent down through the ages, and which is, therefore, free to meet changing conditions as they change, Canada is bound by a formal document.

Furthermore, among all the self-governing Dominions of the Empire, Canada alone does not possess the power to amend its own constitution. That power rests solely with the Parliament of Great Britain.

The constitution of Canada was drafted just as the great American civil war was drawing to a close, and the Fathers of Confederation had ever in mind the conflict which arose in the republic to the south between the Federal authority and the advocates of State rights. The constitution of the United States is founded in the principle of State rights, and the Federal Government has authority in regard only to those matters specifically delegated to that Government. Where no specific delegation of authority as between the Federal and State authorities is made, the authority automatically rests with the State. The Civil War resulted from the contention of the southern states that the Federal authority was interfering with and usurping certain of their State rights.

The Fathers of Confederation consequently drafted the B.N.A. Act on exactly the opposite principle. In Canada, the rights and powers of the Provinces are distinctly set forth and limited, and all matters not so specifically stated belong to the Dominion.

There are, however, certain subjects in regard to which authority is divided, as, for example, incorporation of companies. The Provinces possess the power to incorporate companies for purely Provincial purposes, while the Dominion can incorporate for Dominion purposes. Both are intensely jealous of their rights in this respect, and, as a result, there is continual dispute. For example, most Provinces are anxious to curb the stock-selling activities of corporations, and to bring them under strict control termed "blue-sky" laws. But the Dominion has contended that such laws cannot apply to Dominion incorporated companies. The result is that any company desirous of evading such Provincial restrictions takes out a Dominion charter.

There has now arisen a dispute between the Dominion and the Provinces as to which authority can exercise control over radio broadcasting and reception. The Dominion claims the right to date, but it is now challenged by the Provinces. Suppose it should be established by a Privy Council decision that the Provinces are in the right and the Dominion wrong, under the old B.N.A. Act, would it be a good thing for Canada to have radio control cut up into nine pieces?

As a matter of fact, in a country of immense distances, divided by natural geographical barriers, is it not one of the handicaps of our national life that, in regard to many matters, lack of unity results because of Provincial jurisdiction in such matters which would be overcome through unified Dominion control?

On the other hand, there is the tendency on the part of Ottawa to take control over, or interfere with, subjects which are clearly matters for the Provinces. Constitutionally speaking, such a matter as Old Age Pensions belongs to the Provinces, but by enactment the Dominion Parliament has decreed that it would contribute a certain proportion of such pensions if the Provinces adopted the plan. Some of the Provinces have done so; others have not. Such a pension system once established by a Province cannot easily be done away with, but there is nothing to prevent the Dominion Parliament from repealing its enactment at any time, thus leaving the Provinces to face the whole of the financial burden. Similar action has been taken at times by the Dominion in such matters as highways construction, technical education, and grants for this and that. Provinces have embarked on these enterprises, and grants for this and that. Provinces have embarked on these enterprises, and grants for this and that. Provinces have embarked on these enterprises, and grants for this and that.

The question that naturally arises is: Has the time not arrived when the constitution of Canada should be overhauled and brought up-to-date? Should not representatives of the Dominion and of the nine Provinces meet in conference and consider the whole subject with a view to clarifying the atmosphere and removing so many of the causes of present constitutional confusion before the courts? And is Canada not just as capable of amending its own constitution as is Australia, South Africa, or the Irish Free State? Or must we remain in the eyes of the rest of the world as an inferior Dominion?

Fortunate Winners

H. F. Underwood, of Palatka, Fla., himself won a golf cup he had sold to a club, although he had never played the game before. Almost as good as the incident at the Horticultural Society Show in Brantford, Ontario, last year. Two sweepstakes prizes were offered by two members of the directorate, and each won the prize donated and designated by the donor.

No Argument

Jones had occasion to reprimand his wife. "I think, dear," he said soothingly, "that you fib a little occasionally." She immediately became indignant. "Well, I think it's a wife's duty," was her response. "Wife's duty?" he echoed, wondering what was coming. "Yes; to speak well of her husband occasionally," came the reply.

Suffered From Heart Trouble

Became Weak and Run Down Mrs. Wm. Dlott, Glensandfield, Ont., writes:—"For a long period I suffered from heart trouble, and became very weak and run down. I tried various remedies, but they did me no good. One day I met a friend and told her of my trouble. She said she had heart trouble, too, for two years, and after using Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for a short time she had been relieved of her trouble, so I got two boxes and after taking them I was again feeling fine, and always recommend H. & N. Pills to anyone complaining of heart trouble."

Price 50c a box.

Sold at all drug and general stores, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The H. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.

The Cutworm Menace

Pale Western Cutworm Eggs Are Hatching In Infested Areas

A recent examination of fields in the area expected to be infested with pale western cutworms has shown that in some cases the eggs are beginning to hatch. This is especially true in the areas that have recently been visited with light rains or snow followed by warm weather.

The hatching of these eggs at this time will answer the question that has been in the minds of many farmers regarding the effect of the open winter on the pale western cutworm. There seems to have been a general impression among the people in the infested areas that the peculiar winter would effectively control the worms. This was to be accomplished either by the eggs being killed or the eggs hatching during the winter and the cutworms being killed. There is very little evidence from experimental work to show that either is possible.

The presence of pale western cutworms in the field can be easily determined in those fields which have some vegetation such as wild oats, volunteer grains, grasses or weeds present. The young cutworms feeding on this vegetation will eat holes in the leaves and some leaves may be cut off above the ground. The evidence of feeding is much easier to find than the cutworms themselves since they are at present very small and inconspicuous.

Fields which have such vegetation showing signs of cutworm feeding can not be seeded to crop with the hope of having it mature unless the season turns out to be exceptionally wet. Such fields might better be cultivated thoroughly and worked up as first class summer fallow for next season. Where this land cannot possibly be spared for summer fallow, as should be cultivated thoroughly throughout the early spring and seed-land to late barley or oats after the middle of June. The date of this seeding will depend on whether or not cutworms are still active in numbers in the field.

Information regarding the pale western cutworm may be obtained by writing to the Dominion Entomological Laboratories at Lethbridge, Alberta; Saskatoon, or Indian Head, Saskatchewan; Treesburg, Manitoba; to the University of Alberta at Edmonton; the University of Saskatchewan at Saskatoon; or the Provincial Departments of Agriculture at Regina or Edmonton.

FASHION HINT

"How to make my old short skirts conform to the new length was a problem to me until I hit on the idea. I dropped the hem; and as the skirt had been turned under was darker than the rest. I redyed the entire dress, after having washed the goods, following directions in the Diamond Dyes package. The result was just what I needed. I have dyed many things with these wonderful colors. They have saved me many dollars and have never failed to give perfect results—smooth, even colors—fast to wear and washing. Friends think my things are new. I redyed them with Diamond Dyes. They do give the most gorgeous colors!"

Mrs. G. C. Levis, Quebec.

American Penetration

Americanization Of British Amusement Industry Is Discussed

Americanization of the British amusement industry was discussed in British House of Commons with half a dozen members hurling troubled questions at Rt. Hon. William Graham, president of the board of trade.

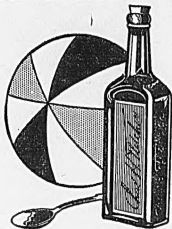
They asked him if he knew the American Telegraph and Telephone Company and the Western Electric group, through subsidiaries, recently obtained control of the Gaumont British corporation, one of the largest producers and exhibitors of motion pictures in England, and were engaged in an Americanization programme.

Choked For Air. Some little irritant becomes lodged in the bronchial tubes, others gather, and the awful choking of asthma results. Nothing offers quite so quick and positive relief as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. The healing, soothing smoke or vapor penetrates, clears the passages and gives untold relief. It has behind it years of success. It is the sure remedy for every sufferer.

The Miracle Of A Building

"A building is one of our unrecognized miracles. It comes up out of the unseen. God and man build it together. The wood which forms its substance is a part of the life of great forests; the mind, which sees its form fashions its visible structure out of invisible material; the hands which build its frame have the skill of creative workmanship; the linenshapers crown it with meaning and purpose. Great is the mystery of a building."

W. N. U. 1888



If baby has COLIC

ACRY in the night. Colic! No cause for alarm if Castoria is handy. This pure vegetable preparation brings quick comfort, and can never harm it. It is the sensible thing when children are ailing. Whether it's the stomach, or the little bowels; colic or constipation; or diarrhea. When tiny tongues are coated, or the breath is bad. Whenever there's need of gentle regulation. Children love the taste of Castoria, and its mildness makes it safe for frequent use.

And a more liberal dose of Castoria is always better for growing children than strong medicine meant only for adult use.

Fletcher's CASTORIA

Deplores Child Labor

Says Canada Not Fulfiling Provisions Of Versailles Treaty

Charges that Canada was not fulfilling provisions to protect labor, as laid down in the Versailles treaty, were made last night by J. S. Woods, Labor M.P. for Winnipeg North Centre, at the annual meeting of the League of Nations Society at Toronto.

According to an eight-hour day, minimum wages commensurate with the living standards of the country in which the worker lives, elimination of child labor and the right of labor to organize, had not been lived up to, he claimed.

According to the census, he said, Canada employed almost twice as many children as the United States. Of every 1,000 persons engaging in gainful occupations, 23 were under the age of 16, while in the United States only 13 under 16 years were employed per 1,000.

Alberta Railways Act

Measure To Extend Time For Two Years For Completion Of Northern Road

Third reading was given in the House of Commons to a bill respecting the Northern Alberta Railways Act.

The object of the measure is to extend the time for two years for the commencement and completion of the main line of the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway from Spirit River, Alberta, "by the most feasible route and in a generally westerly direction of a distance of 102 miles, more or less, to a point in townships 78 or 79, range 18, west of the sixth meridian in British Columbia"; and for a branch line of the Central Canada Railway from near Grimshaw, Alberta, in a northerly direction to the northern boundary of Alberta.

It Testifies For Itself.—Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil is no testimonial of its powers other than itself. Whoever tries it for coughs or colds, for aches or contusions, for sprains or burns, for pains in the limbs or body, will know that the medicine proves itself and needs no guarantees. This shows why this Oil is in general use.

Awarded Research Council Bursary

Miss Edith May Lyons, of the department of zoology, University of Manitoba, has been awarded a bursary by the National Research Council of Canada. Miss Lyons is qualifying for her master of science degree this spring, and will continue with post-graduate research work at the University of Toronto next year.

Sweden's railway electrification programme is expected to prevent a national unemployment problem for at least two years.

for SPRAINS

Rub Minard's in gently. It prevents inflammation, soothes, and cures.

Puts you on your feet!

MINARD'S

"KING OF PAIN"

LINIMENT

Presented With Horses

Mounted Policemen At Empire Trade Fair At Buenos Aires Receive Gift

Four Royal Canadian Mounted policemen now on duty in the Canadian pavilion at the British Empire trade fair in Buenos Aires, have each been presented with two riding horses for their personal use. A cable to this effect, received at the Department of Trade and Commerce from Buenos Aires, does not make known the donor of this munificent gift but it is believed the eight horses were presented by the Argentine government.

The four members of the R.C.M.P. sent to the trade fair are: Sergt. J. R. Paton, M.C., of Victoria, B.C.; Constable Carstairs, of Medicine Hat, Alberta; Constable Carmichael, and Constable C. G. Fairman, both of Ottawa.

Previous reports from Buenos Aires said the four "Mounties" had captured the popular fancy in Argentina, a country noted for its horsemanship.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

COCONUT CABINET PUDDING

5 egg yolks, slightly beaten.
5 tablespoons sugar.
¼ teaspoon salt.
2 cups milk.
1 tablespoon gelatin.
¼ cup milk.
¼ teaspoon vanilla.

Lady fingers or strips of cake.

1½ cups apricots, sliced.

2 cup coconut, southern style.

Combine egg yolks, sugar and salt with 2 cups milk and cook in double boiler until mixture coats the spoon, stirring constantly; soak gelatin in ¼ cup milk 5 minutes and add hot custard. Stir until gelatin dissolves. Add vanilla. Strain custard into mold, filling 1½ inches deep. Chill until firm. Dip lady fingers into part of custard mixture and line sides of mold. Fill center of mold with alternate layers of apricots, remaining custard and coconut. Chill until firm. Unmold. Garnish with additional apricot halves, whipped cream, and strips of angelica. Serves 8.

Wood Buffalo Park

More Than 1,500 Buffalo Counted and Photographed In Aerial Survey

More than 1,500 buffalo were counted and photographed in the Wood Buffalo Park, at the junction of the Saskatchewan-Alberta boundary and the North West Territories, by the aerial survey of the grazing lands of the far north, just completed. There was no attempt to photograph the whole herd in this census, which was in the nature of a preliminary test and experiment.

Worms cause fretfulness and rob the infant of sleep, the great nourisher. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will clear the stomach and intestines and restore healthfulness.

B.C. Peach Culture

It is expected that about 20,000 new peach trees will be planted in the Oliver district of British Columbia this year.

Foods Stay Fresh Longer This Way

Covered with Para-Sani Heavy Waxed Paper goods that usually stale in a day or so stay fresh for quite a long time. Try it. Get Para-Sani in the handy, sanitary, knife-edged carton at grocer, druggist or stationer. For less exacting usage: "Centre Pull" Packs in sheet form.

Appleford Paper Products

HAMILTON - ONTARIO

Western Representatives:
HUNTER-MARTIN & CO., REGINA, SASK.



... is wise in the way of providing your personal comforts.

You'll look forward to your meals, for his menus are designed especially to satisfy that sea-air appetite. They are based on 91 years of experience in the art of pleasing passengers, since 1840.

Sailings weekly from Montreal
Cabin rates from ... \$130
Fourth Third Cabin ... \$105
Third Class Round Trip \$155
Special Seasonal Third Class Round Trip Excursion Rate \$129.

Information from
270 Main Street, and Huron & Erie Bldg., Portage Ave., Winnipeg
Other Western Offices at
Saskatoon, Calgary, Edmonton, Vancouver
or any steamship agent

Sail CUNARD
ANCHOR-DONALDSON

Development Of Canada's Water Power

Figures Show Capital Invested Runs Into Millions

The capital investment in water power development in Canada was estimated by the Dominion Water Power and Hydropower Bureau Department of the Interior to amount to over 1,800 million dollars on January 1, 1931. The last year for which official figures are complete for all industries is 1928, and these show that the amount of capital invested in water power was exceeded only by that in agriculture and in steam railways.

ZIG-ZAG
Cigarette Papers
Large Double Book
120 Leaves
Finest You Can Buy
AVOID IMITATIONS

REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

Would you like to be the local Representative for fast selling household necessities. Write Clarence Cameron, 89 Wellington St. E., Toronto, Ont.

LADIES WANTED TO DO PLAIN
and light sewing at home, whole or spare time. Good pay. Work sent any distance, charges paid. Send stamp for particulars. National Manufacturing Co., Dept. 5, Montreal.

May Harness Natural Gas Going To Waste In Turner Valley To Generate Electric Power

Millions of feet of natural gas now going to waste every day in the Turner Valley, Alberta, may be harnessed to generate electric power for industrial and domestic purposes. A proposal to do this has been submitted to the Alberta Government by a British corporation, according to press reports. It is stated that the corporation offers to spend \$10,000,000 on the project at the outset and a total of \$100,000,000 within 15 years and to begin work on the construction of a plant within 90 days from the time the approval of the Alberta Government is given to the proposal. The plant will be capable of generating 70,000 horse power of electricity within a year.

The plan for this new project, as outlined, is to collect the waste gas in Turner Valley into one pipe line running to the power house where it would be used to turn specially-designed turbines working for the generation of electrical power for which a market would be secured in industrialization of southern Alberta. The power house would be located at a point probably 30 miles east of Turner Valley and it would not depend alone on gas from Turner Valley but would utilize also gas from other fields. The corporation proposes, it is stated, to offer the electric power generated for sale in the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia, and also in the border states of the United States. The Government of Alberta is asked to pass legislation compelling all oil companies or individuals, whose gas is escaping and not being put to use, to supply the corporation with such gas at a price to be fixed through the Public Utilities Board. In consideration for the expenditure of such a plant as proposed, an exclusive franchise for a period of 99 years to the corporation is requested. Provision would be made, if desired, for the Alberta Government to take over the plant on an equitable basis at some time in the future.

The scheme for utilization of the Turner Valley and other waste natural gas would produce electric power at a cost of about three-tenths of a cent per kilowatt-hour.

Blind Will Benefit

By New Invention

Instrument Produces Raised Letters From Ordinary Pages

Robert E. Naumburg, of Cambridge, Mass., has demonstrated for the first time a "printing visagraph," an instrument that produces magnified, raised letters from the pages of ordinary books.

The visagraph reproduces large, embossed letters on a wide roll of thin aluminum foil, with the result that the finished product corresponds in some respects to the Braille system. Naumburg estimates his machine will increase the reading range of the blind a thousand-fold.

A Brain Investigator

A tube a tired business man can slip over his head to give his brains an invigorating diet of electrons was one of the wonders of science presented to the convention of the American Electro-Chemical Society at Birmingham, Alabama. The same tube, J. A. Lee, connected with a trade publication, explained, can be used to reduce fever.

A Quick Thinker

Farm labourer, to hiker crossing a field: "Didn't you see the notice saying pedestrians ain't allowed here?" Hiker (with great presence of mind): "I'm not a pedestrian. I'm a Congregationalist!" Labourer: "Oh, that's different. You can go on."



Manager: "I have just signed a contract for you to appear against Smith."

Champion: "I can't box him—we are enemies!"—Buen Humor, Madrid.

W. N. T. 1829

Trans-Canada Highway

Desirability Of Linking Up East With West Is Pointed Out

The desirability of linking up the incomplete portion of the trans-Canada highway is the subject of a letter sent to Premier R. B. Bennett recently by the western division of the Canadian Automobile Association. The association stresses the fact that hundreds of thousands of Canadians, regardless of politics, realize the vast possibilities in the completion of the highway at the earliest possible time, because it will provide an artery for a tremendous volume of tourist traffic which now must make use of the United States highways in their passage from east to west.

"There is no estimating the number of Canadians," the letter reads, "who are looking to the day when the Big Bend connection between Revelstoke and Golden, B.C., will be completed. But they are more in doubt in regard to the 500-mile span in western Ontario, which may be regarded as the bridge between the east and west."

Canadian Zinc To Europe

Twenty-Three Cars From Northern Manitoba Shipped To London and Hamburg

The largest shipment on record of made-in-Canada electrolytic zinc is en route from a large smelting plant in Northern Manitoba to London and Hamburg. The shipment was composed of a 23-car train destined to Halifax, Nova Scotia, thence overseas. Fifteen cars are billed to London, and the remainder to Hamburg. Since the first shipment left the smelting plant at Flin Flon last November, not less than 247 cars of blister copper and zinc have been shipped. Of this total 99 cars have been blister copper and 148 have been zinc. Most of the shipments have been consigned to eastern Canadian centres and to the United States.

Grist Mill For Moose Jaw

Western Grist Mills Limited of Moose Jaw has started the erection of a 100 barrel mill and expects having it completed in time to handle the 1931 crop.

Trade With China

Canadian Products and Exporters Held In High Regard In Shanghai

Canadian trade with China has suffered less than that of most other countries from the general world depression, according to Lieutenant-Colonel L. M. Cosgrave, Canadian trade commissioner at Shanghai, who is in Vancouver to spend several weeks conferring with importers and exporters and to make an intensive study of coast and western products suitable for the Chinese trade. Canadian products and Canadian export houses are held in high regard in Shanghai and other parts of China. Their standing is at least equal to that of any foreign country and there is a distinct feeling of friendliness which augurs well for the future, Colonel Cosgrave reports.

"In the past six months there has been more inquiry for Canadian products than in any six months in the past five years. With conditions as they are this can only be regarded as most encouraging," he said.

Frog Farm Builds Up World Trade

Was Started Eight Years Ago On Outskirts Of Vancouver, Washington

A frog farm on the outskirts of Vancouver, Washington, has proved to be such a success that the owner is called upon to deliver frogs faster than the frogs come up out of their winter hibernations in the mud to be shipped to New York or perhaps Australia.

Since the farm was started eight years ago, two of the biggest patrons have been Florida and Louisiana, which were former prolific in frogs. Much of the trade of the farm is in sending pairs of mature frogs for the purpose of starting other frog ponds.

Superfluous Words

"Her observations covered 145 schools in fifteen different states. Why 'different'?"

"Personally, I don't think so." Why "personally"? Do you mean that officially you do think so?

"This line is to be linked up with that one." Why "up"?

FASHION



No. 273—For Smart Matron. This style is designed in sizes 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 4 1/2 yards of 38-inch material with 3/4 yard of 10-inch lace and 3/4 yard of 38-inch lining.

No. 232—Jacket Suit. This style is designed in sizes 14, 16, 18, 20 years, 36 and 38 inches bust measure. Size 16 requires 3 1/2 yards of 38-inch material for jacket and skirt with 1 1/2 yards of 38-inch material for blouse and jacket bands.

No. 200—Expresses Good Taste. This style is designed in sizes 16, 18, 20 years, 36, 38, 40 and 42 inches bust measure. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 38-inch material.

No. 244—For Woe Makers. This style is designed in sizes 4, 6 and 8 years. Size 4 requires 1 1/2 yards of 38-inch material with 1/2 yard of binding.

No. 661—For Smart Young. This style is designed in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 8 requires 1 1/2

yards of 38-inch material with 3/4 yard of 38-inch contrasting. Our large Fashion Magazine shows the latest Paris styles for Spring and Summer for adults and children. Also instructive lessons in sewing. Price of book 15 cents. All patterns 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

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Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

National Research Council Investigates Problem Of Effective Vaccine Against Tuberculosis

CANADA FARM FINANCE



N. J. Siemens, farm manager for the Brandon zone of the Canada Farm Finance Corporation.

Preparing Attractive Display

Quebec Is Taking Large Space At World Grain Show

His Excellency the Governor-General has consented to act as chief patron of the world grain exhibition and conference which will take place at Regina in the summer of 1932.

One of the most attractive displays in the educational section of the exhibition will be that from the Province of Quebec. It has been decided to take a space of 200 feet frontage in the exhibition building in order to give the thousands of visitors an idea of the agricultural activities of Quebec.

The centre feature of the exhibit will be a Quebec farm, complete with buildings, live stock, fields, sugar bushes, etc., flanked on either side with exhibits of natural resources of the province, including mineral, lumber, power development, handicraft and manufacturing products.

Argentina is the sixteenth country to officially accept the invitation of the Canadian Government to attend the Exhibition and Conference. The complete list of participants at present is as follows: Italy, Peru, Yugoslavia, Guatemala, New Zealand, Czechoslovakia, The Netherlands, Belgium, Poland, Spain, India, Portugal, Switzerland, Estonia, The Philippine Islands and Argentina.

No Hearsay Evidence

Court Case That Was Settled In Common Sense Way

It is well to set things done in a sensible way. To illustrate: In an Eastern city there was a queer case in court. One farmer claimed that a fire started in the bush by his neighbor, had spread to his property and had spoiled the land by burning off the top part of the soil.

Instead of arguing for days, officials, solicitors, and witnesses, took a trip out to the property in question, and along with them they had spades and shovels. They actually went to work and gouged holes in the ground to see if the damage was as serious as claimed, and to find out exactly what had taken place. Returning to court, the decision was made that the fire damage claim had not been sustained.

That was direct action and common sense.

Not Looking For Miracles

Western Farmers Will Fight Way Back To Prosperity

"Twenty-five years from now we will be growing a good deal more wheat than today, and selling it in the world markets," said Hon. Duncan McLeod, one-time minister of agriculture in the Alberta Government, addressing the Eastern Canada Livestock Union at Toronto.

"Taken as a whole, I can say to you that the farmers in the Canadian West are not looking for any miracle to happen, or anybody to turn the country's economics upside down. They are going to win through better days, as they have fought through earlier depressions," he declared. Mr. Marshall had just returned from a month's motor tour through the West.

Did Not Choose To Speak

A young woman who wished to engage Calvin Coolidge in conversation, when he was president, told Mr. Coolidge that her father had laid a wager that she couldn't get him to utter the word "She." She expected that this would start him talking. But he said quietly: "Dad wins!"

"According to the committee of the National Research Council on tuberculosis research, much work remains to be done before the problems of an effective vaccine against tuberculosis are solved."

This statement was issued following an important conference on the subject in Ottawa, in which the leading doctors specializing in the study of tuberculosis took part.

The statement sets forth that the committee agrees "B.C.G." confers degrees of resistance to tuberculosis but the nature and extent has not been clearly demonstrated. Further studies are to be conducted to clear up these points definitely. About 1,000,000 infants have been vaccinated against tuberculosis. "B.C.G." is the vaccine of the Pasteur Institute of Paris.

The statement describes the work accomplished as follows: "B.C.G." (named after Prof. B. Calmette, the director of the Pasteur Institute and his colleague Guérin), has to date been used in various countries to vaccinate a total of approximately 1,000,000 infants against tuberculosis. In the effort against bovine tuberculosis it has been put forward as a preventive measure of the expensive method now commonly employed of destroying animals reacting to the tuberculosis tests.

"Canadian researches on tuberculosis have been widely discussed in both Europe and America, particularly those of Dr. E. A. Watson, of the animal diseases research station, Dominion Department of Agriculture, at Hull, Que., who has challenged claims put forward by Calmette; Dr. A. C. Rankin, of the University of Alberta, and Dr. J. A. Baudouin, of the University of Montreal, whose work has tended to support Calmette's contentions, and Dr. G. B. Reed of Queen's University. Dr. Watson and Dr. Baudouin have carried on extensive experiments with cattle, and Dr. Baudouin has supervised the inoculation and study of infants in Montreal.

"Dr. Reed has recently made an important contribution to the knowledge on the subject and will publish his results shortly."

Dr. R. S. Ferguson, director of the Fort Qu'Appelle Sanatorium, Fort St. John, Sask., reported on the tuberculosis investigation that has been carried out under the auspices of the committee among the Indians of that district. He said that a family history of the Indians showed that within three generations there had been deaths from tuberculosis in nearly every family on the reserve. The worst tuberculosis epidemic was between the years 1880 and 1903. To indicate the effectiveness of the work that was now being done, Dr. Ferguson reported that, while the incidence of tuberculosis among the Indians in 1928 was twenty times that of the surrounding white population, it was today only one-third of that, a reduction of one-third during that period.

Dr. H. M. Tory presided at the conference and 25 men and women engaged in the study of the disease took part.

Increase In Poultry

Value Of All Poultry In Canada Placed At Fifty-Four Million Dollars

Poultry keeping is on the increase in Canada. The total number of poultry on farms in the Dominion at the end of last year was estimated at 60,795,000, of which 56,247,000 were hens and chickens; 2,399,000 turkeys; 1,160,000 geese and 888,000 ducks. The value of all these birds is placed at \$54,852,000. Two years ago the total number of poultry was \$3,779,000. Poultry are successfully raised commercially in all of the provinces of Canada. The principal centre of the industry is the Province of Ontario.



"Do I know the business? Rather. I was very useful in the last place—it was I who used to call out to the others, 'Hush! Here comes the boss.'"

—Pages Gaica, Yverdon.

SCIATICA?

Here is a never-failing form of relief from sciatic pain:



Take Aspirin tablets and you'll avoid needless suffering from sciatica—lumbago—and similar excruciating pains. They do relieve; they don't do any harm. Just make sure it is genuine.

ASPIRIN
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WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

According to census figures just released Java has 821 people per square mile.

Prince Albert Johann, of Schleswig-Holstein, 62, a cousin of King George V, of Great Britain, died in a sanatorium at Berlin, after a short illness.

The British Empire Trade Exhibition, opened by the Prince of Wales, on March 14, closed April 27, with the total attendance more than doubling the original estimates of its sponsors. Visitors totalled 1,443,914.

Wing-Commander Charles Kingsford-Smith has been awarded the Royal Aero Club Britannia trophy for 1930, the trophy given the British aviator who achieved the outstanding feat during the year.

Eager to communicate to British industrial leaders the commercial information he gathered in South Africa, the Prince of Wales was reported to be arranging a series of visits to the larger industrial cities soon after his return home.

Mrs. M. Bankes, an inmate of a soldiers' widow's home at Kingston-on-Thames, recently presented to Queen Mary of England, a handkerchief more than 100 years old.

During a special convocation at University of Toronto, the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws will be conferred upon the recently appointed governor-general of Canada, Lord Bessborough.

Richard Halliburton, United States author, with his pilot May E. Stephen, flew 2,000 miles across the middle of the uncharted Sahara in the course of his projected circumnavigation of the globe.

Citizens of Plymouth, England, presented Viscount and Lady Astor with a silver model of Sir Francis Drake's ship "Golden Hind," on May 3, the 25th anniversary date of their marriage. Lady Astor has represented Plymouth in parliament since 1919.

Zeppelin May Visit Arctic

Eckener Hopes That Polar Flight Can Be Financed

Negotiations which have been carried on at Berlin between Dr. Hugo Eckener and various interested persons on a possible "Zeppelin North Pole" flight make the flight seem more likely than at any time heretofore, the Graf's veteran commander has indicated.

"Our great and only difficulty throughout," he said, "has been the question of financing the polar flight, but I am quite hopeful that this difficulty will be overcome."

Seagulls Are Systematic
Seagulls of Scotland adopted systematic methods in food gathering during the hard winter. At Aberdeen they arrived just before the fish train to be ready to pick up any scraps. At Edinburgh they gather at George Watson's College punctually at noon and help the students dispose of their luncheon.



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W. N. U. 1888

For Mental Health In Canada

Increased Facilities For Care Of Sub-normal People Is Urgently Needed

(By John Burke Ingram)
If all the insane people of Canada were brought together in one place they would form a city larger than Kingston or Kitchener. According to recently compiled figures, there are 29,251 patients in Canada's mental hospitals. These figures include, of course, those suffering from mental diseases. Year by year their numbers increase. The Canadian people have invested nearly \$75,000,000 in buildings and equipment, and spend about \$10,000,000 each year in maintenance costs. In every province the hospitals are crowded to capacity; and it is safe to say that there are as many persons attempting to carry on in the community who are in need of treatment as there are in the hospitals at present. There is a crying need in Canada for the establishment of psychopathic hospitals and outpatient clinics to deal with these cases before they become chronic and beyond hope of improvement.

"Many people are more or less familiar with insanity, but comparatively few realize the difference between the insane and those persons who are known as mental defectives. A sufficient definition for the present purpose is that insanity may be termed a "prolonged departure from the individual's normal standard of thinking, feeling and acting; while a mental deficient is a person whose mind, through hereditary causes, or through pre-natal or infantile misdevelopment, has failed to develop normally."

Mental defectives, or defectives, range in intelligence from the idiots and imbeciles, familiar to all, to the more nearly normal morons, or feeble-minded persons whose presence in the community is not so readily detected.

These latter are the great social waste. They contribute out of all numerical proportion to pauperism, delinquency, criminality, promiscuity and illegitimacy. As children they are "backward." They are slow in learning to walk and to talk; in school they are from two to four years behind their children of the same age; shamed of their non-progress, they eventually drop out of school and go into the world unequipped to meet the demands to be made upon them as citizens and as parents. Adult in size and years; it is not generally realized that they are not really past their actions; and it is not strange that they fall to meet the requirements of organized society and repeatedly find themselves in the jails, the reformatories and the houses of refuge.

Thanks to the efforts of the Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene, pioneer work is being successfully done towards educating mentally deficient children at a sufficiently early age to permit them to be trained to a certain facility in one of a number of handicrafts in the hope that they may become self-supporting in their adulthood. It is surprising to learn that many children who might never do more than learn to sign their names and do simple addition and subtraction can be so trained.

The Canadian National Committee for Mental Hygiene, having no other excuse for its existence and no ulterior end to serve, has taken upon itself the task of bringing home to the people of Canada a realization of the supreme importance of mental health, with the hope that through public demand governments will be stimulated to provide these increased facilities that are now so badly needed.

Horsepower Going To Waste

Electricity Could Be Produced At Grand Falls In Labrador

Four million horsepower of electricity was "going to waste" at Grand Falls, in Labrador, Sir Wilfrid Grenfell, famous medical missionary to the coast of Labrador and Northern Newfoundland, declared during a lecture at Montreal. Sir Wilfrid said he was attempting to demonstrate to governments that Labrador may be rich in minerals and other natural resources.

Air Telegram Service
Passengers on the German Luftansa service between Berlin and Vienna can now hand in telegrams for transmission from the airplane in which they are travelling to ground stations. This service was inaugurated on Feb. 2, with telegrams sent to the Ministers of Communications and Posts.

The trouble with a great many men is they are never satisfied with wasting their own time.

With the exception of ourselves no one ever does things as they should be done.

Village Of Blind People

Nine Hundred Live Hidden Away In Mountains Of Mexico

A village of 900 people, all totally or partially blind, who never descend from their huts until after sundown was described by Dr. Niguel Bustamante, Mexican delegate, to the second Pan-American Conference of Directors of Health at Washington.

The village is Tliltepec, in the state of Oaxaca, Mexico. Hidden away in the mountains, it is reached only by a few horse trails. The malady which blinded the inhabitants is known in the medical world as onchocerciasis.

Tests have shown, Dr. Bustamante said in his speech, that an insect is the cause of the blindness. Eradication of this insect, he added, has given hope in the fight on the malady, of which little is known. There are 20,000 such cases in Mexico.

Aviators Thrill Spectators

Exhibition Of Spectacular Parachute Jumping Staged At Ottawa

As nonchalantly as bathers taking a morning plunge, 12 officers and non-commissioned officers of the Royal Canadian Air Force recently tumbled into space from a height of 2,000 feet in one of the most spectacular exhibitions of parachute jumping ever staged in Canada. The display was remarkable in that every flyer who went aloft completed what is probably the most hazardous part of the Air Force training with landings that were perfect or near perfect.

Of the dozen daring aviators who performed the feat, ten were negotiating their first parachute leap.

A Magic Soap

How The Fairy Queen's Christening Gift Was Found

Once upon a time the Fairy Queen was asked to be God-Mother to a very important Baby Princess and was given an especially nice Christening Gift. So she sent her five cleverest Elves to fly all over the world in search of wonderful scents and rare perfumes and rich oils for a magic soap that would make the Baby Princess as lovely as the day is long.

Well the first Elf flew to France and Algeria, and Bulgaria, where the loveliest roses grew, and asked them to give their pretty frocks for the Magic Soap. And the roses showed their sweet petals into a big sack the Elf had brought with her, all ready to be scrunched up and give a lovely perfume.

The second Elf flew to Africa, and there she met her friends, the orange and the king's daughter, who gave her cloves and Veivert—that is a scented root that grows like grass.

And the third Elf went to India, and found Patchouli—a plant whose leaves smell something like mint, and the pretty yellow wood of the sandalwood tree, which is very fragrant. But the fourth Elf had the most dangerous time, for she started down to an island near Italy called Messina, where there lived some fierce ferret called Bergamots who were very nasty and disagreeable, but who nevertheless were exquisitely perfumed coats. The Elf crept up where the whole crowd were asleep and snipped off a bit of their coats here and there where it would not be missed. But the Elf called when a big fat Bergamot awoke and with a great yell prepared to fall on her and crush her. But the Elf called to the Flower Fairies to help her, and they seized her quickly and hid her beneath a tree until the Bergamots had gone to asleep again when she scampered off home with her treasure.

On her way she met the fifth Elf who had clear golden coconut oil from Coochin China, and sticky scented gums from the East Indies. And when they all arrived back they found that the Palace Pussy Cat who wanted to help soap-Mean, had been all the way to Abyssinia (that is Bible Story Land), to see a cousin of his, the Civit Cat, who carries a delicious perfume with him in a tiny bag and had gladly given it to Pussy; and Civit had kindly introduced the Fairy cat to a Chinese friend of his, the Musk Deer, who had some rare scent in a secret sack under his tummy which he also gave for the Christening Gift.

How pleased the Fairy Queen was! Quickly she carried all the marvellous things to a Mortal friend of hers who was a soap maker and he worked with his helpers day and night and produced the most wonderful soap he had ever made just in time for the Christening.

And the Princess grew up so beautiful that she married the richest and handsomest Prince that ever was, and on her wedding day when the Fairy Queen came to see her, she said: "Dear God-Mother, couldn't you ask your friend to help soap-Mean, to make heaps and heaps of my wonderful soap and give it to all the little folk and all the big folk in the world. I feel so selfish enjoying it all myself."

That is a good kind God-Daughter," said the Fairy Queen, and she told the soap maker, who promised to do as the Princess wished. And he went on making his Magic Soap all his life, and after that his son and his grandson went on making it. And so you know that your Baby's Own Soap, and it is because it is made of the perfume oils from all the wonderful things that the five Elves found all over the world that it smells so sweet and makes such heaps of fluffy creamy bubbles and helps little folk and big folk to grow as lovely as the day is long.

Let these 6 vital Salts

rid you of

PIMPLES

Would you like quickly to free yourself of those hideous pimples—those unsightly blackheads—and have that smooth and soft skin perfection you've always envied?

Do you want to have eyes as dazzling and bright as water dancing in a summer's sun?

Would you like to enjoy glorious health with plenty of energy and possess a keen mind?

Then take a quarter teaspoonful of Kruschen Salts in a glass of hot water every morning before breakfast!

Kruschen is a combination of the six vital salts which your nerves, glands and body organs ought daily to receive from food if they're to function correctly and which are impossible to obtain in these days of modern cooking. Kruschen is the only salt which contains those harmful acids which cause your skin to erupt—you'll possess a skin like velvet, and a perfect complexion, you didn't think possible!

Planning Bacon Plant For Saskatchewan

Equipment Has Been Secured and Foundation Stock Purchased

Recent press despatches indicate that ambitious plans are under way for the establishment of a bacon curing plant in Saskatchewan. A Prince Edward Island syndicate has purchased a three-quarter section farm close to Long Lake, Strathburg, Sask., for the purpose of producing, raising, and slaughtering hogs, and curing and shipping bacon to England. It is stated that buildings capable of holding 5,000 hogs are being erected. The necessary machinery and equipment has been secured, and foundation stock of pure bred Yorkshire hogs has been purchased and shipped to Long Lake. It is expected this Fall that 2,500 sides of Wilshire bacon will be available for shipment.

A native of Denmark, thoroughly conversant with hog production and marketing as carried out in that country, has been placed in charge of the plant.

Sugar From Weeds

Scientists Find That Dandelions, Golden Rod and Other Plants Yield Sugar

Weeds like dandelions and golden rod contain these newly-discovered sugars valued by government chemists at \$50,000 a pound.

The Bureau of Standards in announcing this discovery recently said the sugars were not previously known to science. They were found by Dr. R. F. Jackson, of the bureau and his assistant, Miss Emma McDonald, while studying the amount of levulose or fruit sugar that can be obtained from inulin. Inulin is a white starch-like substance found in the roots of golden rod, dandelions, Jerusalem artichokes, dahlias and chloery. Dr. Jackson found that inulin is 92 per cent. levulose, a sugar many times sweeter than ordinary cane or table sugar, three per cent. glucose, like corn sugar, and the remaining five per cent. is made up of the new triplets of the sugar family.

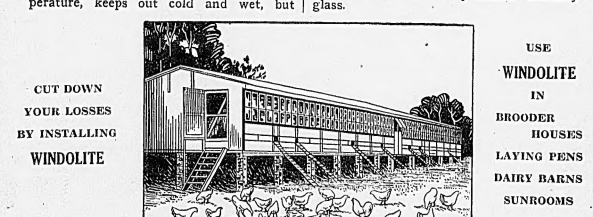
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SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

MAY 10

THE PARABLE OF THE POUNDS

Golden Text: "It is required in stewards, that a man be faithful."—Corinthians 4:2.
Lesson: Luke 19:11-26.
Devotional Reading: Psalm 103:1-18.

Explanations and Comments

The Reason For Giving the Parable, verse 11.—Jesus and His disciples were approaching Jerusalem, and many were expecting that His entry into the city would be an inauguration of the Messianic Kingdom. Jesus knew that He was going to a far country, but they supposed that the kingdom was immediately to appear. They looked for it to appear suddenly by force the outside instead of gradually from within. "They focused their attention on the fact that they were about to enter a reward," while Jesus put the emphasis on the fact that they were about to enter a trust." Jesus gave this parable to warn them that they must head a revolution and establish His kingdom by force that it would come only by that faithful service.

The Parable Of The Pounds, verses 12-26.—Jesus begins His parable with the statement that a certain nobleman went into a far country, to receive for himself a kingdom, and to return. Calling ten servants, he gave to each a pound, and made them traders. "I will be returned." A mina, translated a pound, is equal to one hundred drachmas; a drachma was a coin worth about eight pence, or sixteen cents, R.V.M. The sum was small, about sixteen dollars, but it meant the faithfulness. In the similar parable of the talents different sums were entrusted to three men.

To these servants Jesus said, "Trade ye hitherto till I come." "Wycliffe's Version reads 'Merchandise I command the word' occupy." In the King James' Version at the time the translation was made had the meaning of "be busy."

On His return to judge the world (in the interpretation of the parable, the nobleman is Jesus Himself), he calls for a settlement with his servants, to learn how faithful they have been to their trust. The case of three, two faithful, and one unfaithful, is taken as typical of all. The first had gained ten pounds more, and is rewarded by being given authority over ten cities. The second had gained five pounds, and is placed over five cities. The third had done nothing.

"Life is God's sacramental gift To man for his embracing.—The talent given him on care For his soul's exercising. A sacred trust bestowed on him For his immortalizing. And he who lends will one day ask His own again with interest; See to it then, lest thou be found Of those who failed him in the test."—John Oxenham.

"Lord, here is thy pound," the third one said, "which I kept hid up in a napkin," and then he excused himself by accusing his lord of being an austere man who would require him to make up whatever loss there might be and would keep whatever profit he might make, so that he himself would be no better off for all his labor or trouble. "Thou takest up that which thou layest not down, and respect that which thou didst not sow"; these were proverbial sayings applied to grasping persons.

Pine forests that were a rich source of amber once spread over northern Europe.

Quickly Ends Itch of ECZEMA

"SCOTCH-SALVA" REMOVES ITCHING
But as soon as I applied "Scotch-Salva" the itching stopped. I feel like a new man. Mrs. J. Lawrence.
"Scotch-Salva" ends it all once. All Druggists.

Vaccine For Common Colds

Report Of Interesting Experiments Being Conducted At Columbia University

Hope for a vaccine to prevent the common cold has been found at the Presbyterian hospital of Columbia University medical centre.

The vaccine-making stage has been approached through the use of an artificial cold produced in the laboratories—a real cold purified so as to be stripped of many uncertainties that ordinarily hinder the making of discoveries.

This work and the research leading up to it are described in a paper by Doctors A. B. Dochez, K. C. Mills, G. S. Shirley, and Yale Kneeland, Jr., in the Courier, official publication of the International Catholic Federation of Nurses. The research is financed by the Chemical Foundation, Inc.

At first real colds were given to chimpanzees until Dr. Dochez and his associates felt quite sure that no known ordinary bacteria cause colds, but that they only become aggravated, active and often dangerous as a result of a virus which is the real cause.

The synthetic colds were produced by infecting the "chimps" with nasal washings completely purified of disease bacteria, and which presumably contained only the filterable virus.

Exposure of these synthetic infections produced in 50 per cent. of the chimpanzees colds "exactly similar in all respects" to real colds. Tried on human beings the artificial cold performed with precisely the same percentage and effects.

"The experiments lead us to certain definite conclusions," says the paper. "The contagious cold of human beings is due to an invisible agent which passes readily through filters which hold back all ordinary bacteria, and, in all likelihood, belongs to the group of so-called sub-microscopic viruses."

"The next step in the investigation is to try to grow the virus of the common cold in the test tube outside the human body. Should this be successful, and there is already reason to think that it may be, the way will be opened for the preparation of a vaccine which may prove useful in prevention of common colds."

Best For You and Baby too

When Granny was young she used

BABY'S OWN SOAP

Then as Now—the Leading Canadian Soap for Toilet and Laundry.

"Best For You and Baby Too" is the only Canadian Soap. ALBERT SOAPS LTD., MONTREAL.

OTTAWA PASSES ESTIMATES FOR PUBLIC WORKS

Ottawa, Ont.—The House of Commons buckled down and spent a solid day discussing and voting supply. Public Works Department estimates were under consideration, with particular reference to votes for public buildings in Ontario and the West. While there was plenty of criticism from varying angles, fair progress was made. When the House rose a total of \$2,230,150 had been voted, covering appropriations for the provinces of Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia. When adjournment came the House had under consideration the general appropriation of \$562,300 for buildings in different parts of the Dominion.

Estimates for public buildings in Ontario, totalling \$1,379,400 were passed. The corresponding vote for the year ago was \$2,619,423 and of this, \$170,000 was revoked. The estimates include \$670,000 for the Toronto customs building.

A. L. Beaulieu (Lib., Provencer), aired a grievance when the Manitoba vote was called. The 1930 estimate passed by the King administration contained \$12,000 for a post office at the Dominion City, Man. After the change in governments, the work was not proceeded with.

Hon. H. A. Stewart, minister of public works, stated that the course followed in this instance had been sound. The member himself had said that the annual revenue would be \$1,300. The salary of the postmaster would absorb this sum and the post office would then have to be maintained, interest paid on the money, repairs made and there would be a general debit against the building.

A. A. Heaps (Labor, Winnipeg North), agreed with the minister of public works in opposing the extension of public buildings which did not produce revenue.

The House then approved the appropriation for public buildings in the province of Manitoba which totals \$81,700.

Proceeding to the Saskatchewan appropriations which total \$176,000, the House quickly ran through the individual items. They include, \$38,000 for a public building at Watrous, \$28,000 for a public building at Kam-sask, \$22,000 for one at Lumsden, and \$31,000 to pay the third instalment on the purchase of the Regina armories.

A protest against reduced estimates in the prairie provinces, as compared with amounts provided in Eastern Canada, was voiced by T. F. Donnelly (Lib., Willow Bunch). The unemployment was worse in the western provinces, he asserted, and the provisions for public buildings should be a far greater reduction there than in the East.

Mr. Stewart stressed the large number of claims which had been made upon the department of public works. He had to be very careful in view of the many demands. Mr. Stewart referred to the construction under the previous government of an immigration hall in Mr. McIntosh's constituency. Today this building was not needed and about the only use it could be put to was possibly occupation by the Mounted Police. Discretion consequently must be exercised so that no mistakes would be made.

The estimates for Saskatchewan and Alberta were then passed.

Firmer Hand in India

Believed That Lord Willingdon Will Inaugurate Stiffer Policy

Dondon, England.—Lord Willingdon takes up residence at the summer capital of India this week-end and it is generally believed he will inaugurate a policy somewhat stiffer than that of Lord Irwin.

Sir Geoffrey De Montmorency, governor of the Punjab, said recently that the Punjab government's policy of toleration had bred license, and would not be continued. The Punjab government, he said, would no longer stay their hand, but would deal properly with breaches of the law. The situation in the other Indian provinces is similar to that in Punjab.

Fishing Ships Forfeited

Ottawa, Ont.—Four ships of United States registry are condemned as forfeited to the Crown for fishing with Canadian territorial waters in the Pacific Coast, under a judgment handed down by the Supreme Court of Canada recently. The judgment confirms the findings of the local judge in admiralty at Victoria, B.C.

W. N. U. 1888

Searching For Lost Explorer

Ship With Airplane Carrying Provisions Has Left Iceland
Copenhagen, Denmark.—A wireless message received at Reykjavik, Iceland, purporting to be from August Courtald, British scientist, whose ship is lost in Northern Greenland, stated: "Absolutely without provisions."

An aeroplane which has left Iceland with the Iceland inspection ship "Odin" will fly from the edge of the ice barrier to Tusloak and to Angmagalik, searching for Courtald en route. If the plane can find him it will drop provisions on the ice for his use.

He is believed to be somewhere in the vicinity of the station at which he was left to spend the winter and obtain meteorological data. Cases of British Arctic air route expedition. The site of this station has not been located thus far by rescue missions which have gone to Courtald's aid.

Heavy Grain Shipments

Nearly 30 Million Bushels Sold For Immediate Export

Montreal, Que.—Nearly thirty million bushels of grain have been sold for export during the next few weeks, and nearly 50 tramp steamers chartered to carry it across the Atlantic, together with the regular liners. Reports of conditions prevailing during the early part of the fall Lawrence season are steadily improving.

Grain freighters have improved and one steamer was booked last week to carry 30,000 quarters of grain to Havre and Dunkirk during the first half of May at 12 cents a hundred pounds. The rates are below what shippers consider normal though higher than those prevailing during the greater part of last season.

Preparing For Flight

Bert Hinkler, Australia Flyer, Interviewed In Toronto

Toronto, Ont.—Bert Hinkler, skilled Australian flyer, who set the first record for the London-Australia flight in a light machine in 1928, is now at a local airport here, and much conjecturing as to his immediate plans is being made by local airmen.

Interviewed by a local newspaper, Hinkler did not deny that he was going somewhere, but refused to discuss the matter of a flight.

It is believed, however, that he will suddenly decide to fly to South America, thence across the South Atlantic, or perhaps fly to Australia via Vancouver.

A North Atlantic hop via the northern route is also suggested as a possibility.

Grain Probe Report

Report Containing 40,000 Words To Be Tabled In House Of Commons

New York, N.Y.—The work of the Royal Grain Commission, appointed by the Canadian government to decide whether or not trading in grain futures is injurious to the interests of the producer, and to recommend any measures signed their report about the "Mauretania," just before she sailed for England bearing Sir Josiah Stamp, noted economist, who served as chairman of the commission.

The report, which members said, is about 40,000 words in length will be tabled in Ottawa by L. E. Fearson, secretary to the commission, and it is expected, will soon be tabled in the House of Commons.

Thresh Last Year's Crop

Saskatoon, Sask.—Threshing will be completed in the territory around Prince Albert this week, according to T. F. Mollard, travelling superintendent for the Pool Elevators, who has returned from an inspection trip in that area. Due to wet weather last fall and the October snow storm a considerable quantity of grain remained in the stook. This grain has wintered well and is for the most part grading straight.

War Claims Heard

Ottawa, Ont.—A total of 457 cases have yet to be reported by the war claims commissioner, Errol McDougall, Montreal, of which 308 claims have already been heard, leaving a balance of 149 cases. If, however, jurisdiction is admitted in the claims arising out of the Armenian massacres, which were filed in 1920-21, there will be an additional 271 cases yet to be reported on.

Many Reported

Ottawa, Ont.—Of those who came to Canada under the 3,000-family scheme, 568 persons, including men, women and children have been deported. Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Immigration and Mines, gave this reply in the House of Commons to a question by H. E. Spencer (U.F.A., Battle River).

Princes Welcomed Home

Prince Of Wales and Prince George End Long Journey

Windsor, England.—The Prince of Wales and his brother, Prince George, ending an 18,000-mile trade mission to South America, returned to the family hearth and were joyfully welcomed by the King and Queen.

Their arrival at Windsor Castle from Paris after an absence of three and a half months was the occasion for a happy family re-union. Their parents and the Duchess of York, greeted them enthusiastically. Princess Elizabeth, their niece, threw her arms about their necks and gave them each a loud kiss.

Prospects Good For Cattle Shipments

Increased Demand From Great Britain Is Indicated

Montreal—Shipments of Canadian cattle to Great Britain are being well maintained and evidence indicates that there will be an increased demand from Great Britain as the season progresses. The first shipment from Montreal this season left April 30, aboard the "Manchester Commerce," taking 412 head, while seven other lots are booked for May and June. All shipments will average around 400 head.

ACTION TAKEN BY FRANCE WILL AID SALE OF WHEAT

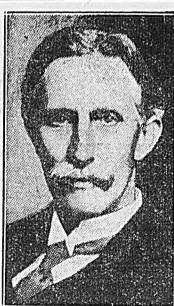
Winnipeg, Man.—France's increase in the percentage of foreign wheat to be mixed with the domestic product will "help a little" in improving exportation of Canadian grain, according to A. P. White, president of the Winnipeg Grain Exchange. France, it is announced, increased the percentage of foreign wheat for mixing to 25 per cent, and Mr. White believed that this move would aid somewhat in decreasing the Canadian surplus but he expected no drastic rise in Canadian exports.

"Any removal of restrictions against foreign wheat on the continent tended to improve Canada's position," Mr. White stated. He also intimated that it would benefit other countries shipping wheat to France. He was unable to state whether the increase in the percentage of foreign wheat for mixing, made by France several weeks ago, had caused any undue jump in Canadian shipments to that country, but he believed the jump to 25 per cent was bound to relieve the situation in this country slightly.

"Germany," Mr. White revealed, "is at present contemplating the lowering of her tariff against foreign wheat which would add further to the clearing of Canada's surplus." The European countries, he said, will shortly come into the market for wheat, resulting in a lowering of tariffs and an increased demand for the Dominion's product.

John I. McFarland, general manager of the Central Selling Agency of the Wheat Pool, believed France's action gave a brighter outlook for the removal of Canada's surplus. Several weeks ago, he said, France increased the percentage and it caused an improvement in export. "The raise to 25 per cent," he added, "will be welcomed."

NOTED ECONOMIST



Sir George Paish, international economist, who said while in Montreal: "If the five-year plan succeeds it will mean the end of communism in Russia."

Steamer Beothic Will Make Annual Expedition

May Again Make Attempt To Reach Winter Harbor, Melville Island

Ottawa, Ont.—The annual expedition of the steamer "Beothic" to the Canadian Arctic archipelago will be carried out as usual this year by officials of the Northwest Territories branch of the Department of Interior and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. The "Beothic" will leave for the Arctic about the end of July and visit all the northern police posts as well as the various posts where "N.W.T." men are stationed.

It is understood there will be another attempt to reach Winter Harbor, Melville Island, to inspect the cache there. This cache was put in over 20 years ago, and while it has been visited by travellers with dog teams, a boat has not called in there since it was established.

Last year an attempt to reach the cache was unsuccessful, due to ice conditions.

Value Of Corn Imports

Runs Into Millions and Duty May Be Demanded

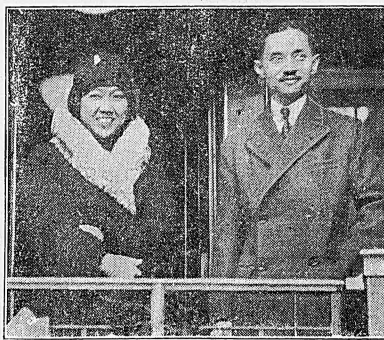
Ottawa, Ont.—Canada is importing, for purposes other than distillation, about 12,000,000 bushels of corn worth in excess of \$10,000,000 every year. This information, given to the House of Commons in answer to a question some days ago, may be the basis of a demand for a duty on imported corn, which now enters the Dominion free.

The corn, brought from the United States, and even from the Argentine to some degree, is used for feeding livestock in the central provinces. It is the claim of some western M.P.'s that the eastern market for feed should be belong to prairie growers of barley and other coarse grains. A demand for the reduction of freight rates on these grains, when shipped for domestic consumption, has already been voiced. A stiff duty on foreign corn may now be asked.

President Of Canadian Press

Toronto, Ont.—M. E. Nichols, vice-president and managing director of The Winnipeg Man. Tribune, was elected president of the Canadian Press, succeeding John Scott, managing director of The Toronto, Ont. Mail and Empire, who for personal reasons declined a third term.

King and Queen of Siam



King Pradhipok and Queen Rambai-Barni, monarchs of Siam, posed briefly for cameramen aboard their special Canadian Pacific train at Vancouver before starting their trip to New York via the Canadian Rockies and Chicago. Indisposed when the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Japan" arrived at Victoria and Vancouver after a record-breaking voyage from Yokohama, His Majesty King Pradhipok was unable to receive the official delegation of welcome. His first public appearance was when he walked from the royal suite aboard the big white liner to the waiting royal train parked beside the ship.

Fatal Plane Crash

Two Lives Lost When Machine Crashes At Brandon

Brandon, Man.—The first major plane crash in the history of Brandon brought death to two young aviators when their machine crashed from a height of 1,000 feet and burst into flames near the local aerodrome.

The victims were: William Clark, 21, owner of the plane, and son of Col. and Mrs. F. J. Clark, Brandon, and William Britten, 27, pilot of Wawanesa, Man.

Returning from a flight to Wawanesa, the airmen were preparing to land at the aerodrome when the plane swerved into a spin, exploded and burst into flames.

Like a rocket, it dived to earth, bringing instant death to the pilot and owner.

It was some time before the flaming wreckage could be approached by airport attendants, and the bodies, entangled in the debris, were charred beyond recognition. Nothing was left of the plane but the bare, twisted steel work.

Hundreds of persons flocked to the scene of the crash, and police had great difficulty in keeping the crowds away from the fire-stricken wreckage.

British Economist Gives Opinion On Depression

Might End In Three Months Says Sir Josiah Stamp

New York.—The end of the present economic depression in Canada and the United States will not be in sight before the end of the next three months, Sir Josiah Stamp, noted British economist, told the Canadian Press. The depression will probably come to an end in both countries simultaneously, he said, although recovery in the United States might be slightly more rapid than in Canada.

"I do not want to say the depression will end in three months," he said, but will say it can't end before that time. Some time ago I said it would not end before May. It has not ended and I now believe it cannot do so before the end of another three months."

UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE PLAN IS FORTHCOMING

Ottawa, Ont.—The government hopes to submit to parliament "at the earliest possible moment" legislation providing for some form of unemployment insurance. The statement of this effect was made by Premier R. B. Bennett in the House of Commons. The prime minister, however, made it clear that such legislation can only be submitted after careful inquiry and the gathering of the fullest information. The statement of finance will not act without preliminary investigation. "That course of action would spell disaster; it would bring suffering, not happiness, to those concerned."

The prime minister made one definite declaration. He would never support a system of non-contributory insurance. Canada could not stand a system such as that in operation in Great Britain, with its tremendous drain on the exchequer.

The question of unemployment insurance came before the House in the form of a motion placed on the order paper by A. Heaps, Labor member for Winnipeg North. It called upon the government to "take into consideration the immediate establishment of a federal system of insurance against unemployment, sickness and invalidity."

He submitted his proposal not as a cure for unemployment, but merely as a palliative, said the Labor member at the outset of his speech. The federal government should "give the lead" to the provinces in such legislation. The word "immediate" should be deleted from the resolution, he suggested. Mr. Bennett, and the word "contributory" be included. It was impossible for the government to deal immediately with a matter which might require months of research and actuarial work; also, Canada would not like to take a census, and the information then gathered would be of great value in reaching conclusions as to the nature of the proposed scheme. Co-operation of the provinces would be necessary.

Support of the motion was voiced by Mr. King. Modern conditions, involving the use of invention, resulted in men being thrown out of work, and countries were faced with the necessity of providing unemployment relief or unemployment insurance. He favored the latter. If a Dominion old-age pensions scheme could be devised, he would like to see why a scheme of unemployment relief was not also evolved.

'QUAKE CAUSES HEAVY LOSS IN SOUTHERN RUSSIA

Moscow, Russia.—Further earthquakes in the Soviet Republic of Azerbaijan in Transcaucasia caused fear that the total number of deaths in the widespread disturbances, which started Monday, April 27, may mount to more than 500, already unofficially estimated.

More than 2,000 persons were injured in the original quake Monday, April 27, which wrought great damage in the southern Transcaucasia sections of the Soviet Republics and was felt most severely in Armenia. Today's renewal of shocks occurred in the Zangezur district of Azerbaijan.

Great suffering is reported in many sections and in some places residents have deserted their stricken villages and are living in the open. All communication was disrupted at certain points and authorities are having difficulty determining the exact number of casualties.

The government has launched relief work and provided 500,000 rubles (about \$250,000) for immediate use among the sufferers. Food and medical supplies are being rushed to the devastated areas, where hospital shelters are being erected to care for the most seriously injured.

While no definite estimation of the amount of damage has been made, it is certain to run well over \$1,000,000.

Labor Vote Split

Conservative Candidate Wins In By-Election In England

Ashton-Under-Lyne, England.—Facing a hooting and jeering mob, Sir Oswald Mosley, brilliant young Socialist leader, outbraved the bravest of them, and figuratively snapped his fingers in the faces of more than 1,000 disgruntled Labor voters. Ashton-Under-Lyne. The demonstration came shortly after the result of the by-election in this constituency was announced. Lt.-Col. J. Broadbent, Conservative, won the seat from J. Gordon, Labor, and A. Young, Mosley's New Party candidate—but it had not been for the Mosley candidate, it appears Labor would not have lost the seat.

Broadbent polled 12,420 votes; Gordon, 11,005; and Young, 4,472. Given even two-thirds of Young's vote, which he had normally expected, Gordon would have won the seat by a slight majority. As it was, the split in the Labor vote was too great a handicap for Gordon.

The constituency has ever been a stormy rock in the political sea. Sir Oswald, with Gordon and Broadbent, were in the town hall waiting for the result. With Mosley were several women. When the result became known, an angry crowd gathered outside. Gordon was taken out of the building by a side door, under a strong police guard. Mosley, however, went to the front door. He gazed at the top of the stairs and gazed defiantly at the raging crowd, who hooted and jeered him.

With hands in his pockets, and a slight smile on his face, Mosley walked slowly down the steps into the street. He was not followed by him, but he continued walking slowly. Police closed around him and escorted him to his hotel headquarters. Despite the turmoil and the threatening appearance of the mob, Mosley refused to move any faster than his slow, nonchalant walk.

Would Change Naval Treaty Plan

Paris, France.—Difficulty in arriving at an agreement on the exact meaning of the Italo-French naval limitation treaty has led to an unofficial proposal from quarters close to the ministry of marine that France drop the treaty with Italy and each country make unilateral statements as to her naval needs.

Saskatchewan Musical Festival

Moose Jaw, Sask.—Entries are being received in large numbers for the Saskatchewan Musical Festival, which will be held here June 1, 2 and 3. It was learned recently from local festival officials. While no definite figures can be quoted at the present time, the entries are stated to be quite up to expectations.

Conference Will Decide

Ottawa, Ont.—The question whether a member of the House of Commons should or should not be compelled to vote in a division will be settled by a conference, whose personnel will comprise the leaders of all groups in the Commons. This was decided when Hon. C. H. Cahan, secretary of state, reverted to the matter.

Encouraging Trade Outlook

Canada Becoming Increasingly Independent In Her Industries

Canada is becoming increasingly self-dependent in her industries, her shipping and her agriculture, according to Canadian government statistics. These figures show that despite an increasing apparent consumption of manufactured commodities, Canadian manufacturers are more than holding their own in supplying more than three-quarters of this demand. That an increasing percentage of Canadian wheat is being exported through Canadian ports to overseas countries, that all coke used in Canadian blast furnaces is now produced in Canada, that the quality of Canadian meat and dairy products is improving under government grading and that Canadian exporters are increasingly successful in their search for new markets throughout the world.

The apparent consumption in Canada of manufactured commodities in 1929, figures for which have just been issued, amounted to \$4,398,378,487, an increase of slightly more than six per cent. over the previous year. Of this total, Canadian manufacturers supplied 76.5 per cent. in 1929, and 76.9 per cent. in 1928.

Gross value of manufacturing production in 1929 amounted to more than 4 billion dollars, while the capital invested aggregated over five billion dollars, an increase over the preceding year of 7.8 per cent. and 6.3 per cent. respectively.

Approximately 58 per cent. of Canada's overseas shipments of wheat during the past eight months of the present crop year passed through home ports as compared with 52.5 per cent. in the corresponding period of the 1928-1929 crop year. While overseas shipments through Canadian ports have increased by 62 per cent. shipments through Canadian ports have increased by nearly 80 per cent. while those through United States ports have increased by only 44 per cent.

In Canada's foreign trade during the past fiscal year, United States purchases from the Dominion showed increases over the preceding year in sugar, silver, coal, electrical energy and automobiles and parts. The latter were mainly re-exports of original imports from that country. Canada's exports to the United Kingdom showed increases in canned vegetables, cattle, canned fish, raw hides and unmanufactured leather, raw wool, farm implements, hardware, iron pigs and ingots, nickel, petroleum and its products.

Prince Understands Value Of Advertising

Gives Practical Advice To British Business Men In South America
T. B. Macaulay, president of the Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada, was greatly impressed by the sound, practical advice offered to British business men in South America by the Prince of Wales during his recent visit. At a banquet in Buenos Aires, the Prince told his fellow countrymen to send out their principal men to South America, not only the representatives of business firms. He advised them to learn Spanish. But, above all, he warned Britons against hiding their light under a bushel. They must advertise, he declared. To drive his point home, the Prince quoted a parody, perhaps one that he had made up for the occasion:

"Early to bed,
Early to rise;
But you'll soon be dead
If you don't advertise."

Joke Still Good

"There!" said the plumber. "In spite of all the silly jokes about us, we've not forgotten a single tool. My mate's here with me, we've not got to go back for anything and—"

"You've come to the wrong address," said the maid.

More than 1,000 reindeer were killed on one railway line in Sweden last year, \$10,000 being paid in compensation to owners.



"Yes. Nature is lovely, but she ought not to live higher than four floors up."—Lustige Blätter, Berlin.

W. N. U. 1888

Might Solve Difficulties

Sir William Clark Suggests More Mixed Farming In Canada

The world depression of 1930 has affected Great Britain less than any of the other countries in the world, said Sir William Clark, High Commissioner for Great Britain in Canada, addressing the Canadian Club at Orillia, Ontario.

Referring to the Canadian wheat situation, the speaker said: "In 1919, the Canadian price of wheat doubled, and with Russia shut out since the first of the war, it took all Canada could grow to meet the demand." Following the war, the drought of 1921 killed the European grain surplus for some years, he said. Now Canada was facing the same position England had confronted. He was of the opinion that industries over-developed during the war to suit conditions then facing England, were a large factor in the present depression.

"I'm not suggesting that you give up growing wheat entirely," said Sir William. "But even your authorities are stressing the great advantages to be obtained from mixed farming. Presumably some change must be made to meet the trend of the times, and it is likely that things will become more diversified, both in Canada and in England."

Athletics and Universities

Venerable Dean Does Not Believe In Making Professional Athletes Out Of College Men

Making a professional athlete out of a college man, according to Stanley Coulter, dean of Purdue University, "is like cutting wood with a razor."

The venerable "dean of deans" addressed the annual conference of more than 100 deans of men of American universities and colleges.

"I wonder," he said, "what people who spend money for universities must think about their turning out baseball pitchers and catchers, half-backs and coaches."

In discussing youth and age he defined youth as "the future" and said it was a time for adventurous, impulsive action.

"Deans," he continued, "fail to take this into consideration. Youth resents having to do things, because it is self-reliant. It is the time when one knows everything. For that reason those who supervise youth should be patient."

Ticket Inspector Was Wise

Called Bluff Of Calgary Passenger And Won

On entering a compartment of a C.N.R. main line train, a ticket inspector noticed a passenger who, affecting an air of familiarity with him, said: "Tom, I've forgotten my pass. I'm working down the line, you know. It'll be all right, the time the inspector looked suspicious, but said nothing. He was going away when apparently an idea struck him. Turning to the passenger who had no ticket, he said: "Oh, I say, what's the right time? My watch has just stopped. 'Twenty minutes past five' was the reply. "Oh, it is, is it? Now, if you don't show me your pass or pay the fare, out you come. No railway man would say 'twenty minutes past five'; he'd say 'five-twenty.'" The passenger paid.

Poultry Production

Figures Indicate Steady Growth Of Industry In Prairie Provinces

The growth of poultry production in the three Prairie Provinces has been steady and consistent during the past three years. The number of birds raised annually is seen in the following table:

	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	Even
1927	4,163,750	7,516,678	5,854,229	
1928	4,414,056	8,450,345	6,213,706	
1929	5,584,083	9,402,452	7,287,879	
1930	5,658,700	9,507,018	7,625,400	

Surprise For Two

Two men stood looking at a car that one of them had bought recently.

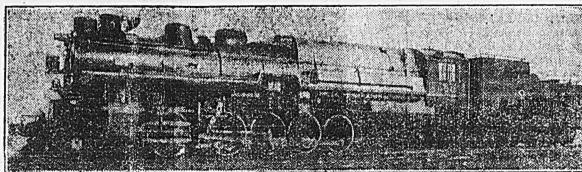
Said Moses: "Ikey, that car is worth one thousand pounds. 'I am going to surprise you. I will sell it to you for five hundred.'"

"Moses," replied Ikey, "I'm going to surprise you. I will give you fifty for it."

"Now, Ikey," answered the other, "I am going to surprise you again, I will take your offer."

Sounds Like New Idea
Nothing new under the sun? Certainly there is! A portable strawberry patch comes forth from Miami to claim its place in the sun and in the news. A retired Kansas City business man, now living in Florida, picked up his strawberry patch of 1900 plants and put it in a greenhouse and has been picking strawberries since January.—Christian Science Monitor.

Canadian Pacific Leads World



Unique on the North American Continent, and the largest and most powerful of its type in the world, the Canadian Pacific Railway Engine "8000," product of Canadian brains and skill, and built largely of Canadian materials at the Angus Shops, Montreal, has just been completed, and will be taken West for use on the Company's Rocky Mountain territory.

Data of its size, efficiency and strength disclose some amazing figures. The weight of the engine is 485,000 lbs., and the tender 300,000 lbs., a total of 785,000 lbs., or 392½ tons. It is 99 feet 3½ inches in length overall. The ten driving wheels are each 83 inches in diameter. The tractive effort is 90,000 lbs., which means that it will haul on a level track a freight train over a mile in length, composed of 150 forty-ton freight cars and having a total weight of 6,000 tons. The

tender has a capacity of 12,000 gallons of water and 4,350 gallons of fuel oil enabling the locomotive to make long hauls without replenishing. The aggregate length of all the seamless steel tubes used in the construction of the boiler units alone totals to 18,695 feet or slightly over 3½ miles.

The "8000" is termed a "multi-pressure" locomotive because steam is generated in three separate portions and at three different pressures. And another outstanding feature is the firebox unit designed for 1,700 lbs. pressure per square inch with an average working pressure of about 1,350 lbs. This unit is really a closed circuit containing approximately 300 gallons of distilled water. The use of distilled water is to prevent accumulation of sludge and scale so common in water tube boilers. The closed circuit or firebox unit extends into the high-pressure boiler drum in

the form of 16 coils, called heat transfer coils.

There are three locomotives of this type in Europe which are showing excellent savings in fuel, ranging from 25 to 35 per cent. In comparison with the conventional design of locomotive, the largest of the European locomotives is only 42 per cent. of the weight and develops only 36 per cent. of the power of the "8000."

In co-operation with the American Locomotive Company, and the Superheater Company, of New York, H. B. Bowen, chief of Motive Power and Rolling Stock, Canadian Pacific Railway, designed the "8000," after he had made a special trip to Europe in 1929, for the purpose of studying various types and developments of locomotives there. The construction of this giant locomotive was handled under the direct supervision of J. Burns, Works Manager, Angus Shops, and T. Donald, of Mr. Bowen's staff.

MacMillan Plans Aerial Survey Of Labrador

Hopes To Solve Disappearance Of Coll and Nungesser

Commander Donald B. MacMillan says he hopes to solve the disappearance four years ago of Captain Charles Nungesser and Francis Coll, French flyers, when he attempts a round trip flight from Boston to London this summer.

The veteran Arctic explorer said he planned an aerial survey of the northern portion of Labrador, and a side trip to Baffin Land. He added he believes it possible the French flyers, who hopped off from Paris, May 7, 1927, for New York, might have been forced down in Labrador. He will keep a close watch for their plane, the White Bird.

With Charles F. Hocheville, of Los Angeles, a former navy flyer, MacMillan said he would pioneer a proposed northern air mail and passenger route at the request of Great Northern Atlantic Airways.

They plan to take off from Boston, June 1, for Labrador.

Much Too Busy

An Italian, having applied for American citizenship, was being examined in the naturalization court.

"Who is the President of the United States?"

"Mr. Hoover."

"Could you be President?"

"No."

"Why?"

"Mister, you scuse me, please: I verra busy. I work too druck."

Declines Invitation

The London Daily Mail said the Irish Free State had invited Alphonso, deposed Spanish monarch, to reside there, but that he declined the invitation. Many Irish people claim Spanish ancestry dating back to the Spanish Armada, some ships of which were wrecked on the Irish coast.

Fighting Fire With Fire

Parasites Sent From England To Destroy Sawflies On Prairies

Research workers of the British Empire marketing board have proved the truth of the saying that fleas have lesser ones upon their backs to bite them. And 90,000 sawflies have been shipped from Fareham, England, to Bellefleur, Ontario, each carrying its individual parasites. They are destined for the wheat fields of Western Canada—to bring destruction to their obnoxious brethren.

Last autumn collectors roamed the English wheatfields, collecting stubble from which grubs were carefully shaken out. Later, at the "parasite zoo" at Fareham, the grubs were infected with smaller parasites. Careful propagation under the eyes of the board's experts resulted in a healthy crop of vermin clinging to the 90,000 sawflies.

It's another twist of that equally well-known adage—fighting fire with fire.

Preaching and Practice

Proprietor Of Religious Weekly Lacked Faith In Own Prophecy

T. Lewes Sayer, formerly on the official staff of the Guildhall, London, England, tells a good story in his reminiscences, "Gog and Magog and I." The proprietor of a certain religious weekly, which devoted a good deal of space to prophecy about the end of the world, came before the Court with an application for a lease. They said to him, "You write some of the prophetic articles"—"I do." "You lately stated that the world would come to an end in a few years"—"I did." "Then why are you now appearing for a 99-years' lease of your property?"

"What must one do to have beautiful hands?"
"Nothing."

ABDICATE SPANISH THRONE



The photographs reproduced above show King Alfonso and Queen Victoria, of Spain, who relinquished their throne April 14, before a proclaimed provisional Republican Government. The king's abdication came shortly after a republic was proclaimed at Barcelona and several other Basque towns.

Highways Should Be Beautiful

Screaming Billboards Do Not Fit Into Decorative Scheme

It is gratifying to note that new regulations have been passed by order-in-council of the Ontario government which will limit outdoor advertising to some extent. The regulations will limit any roadside place of business to a single sign and will not allow advertising to be painted upon barns, fences, rocks or buildings unless it is in the interests of some business conducted on the particular property.

In New Jersey a law was recently passed providing for an annual fee to be charged each company in the business of outdoor advertising. A permit must be obtained for each new sign erected. A tax of three cents a square foot is collected on all billboards except those on the premises where the advertising business is conducted. No billboards may be erected within 500 feet of a road intersection where it might obscure the view of motorists.

The time may not be far off when drastic regulations will have to be adopted in Canada respecting the erection of hideous billboards and signs. Public opinion is veering to the point where our highways are no longer regarded solely as a means of getting from place to place. The modern aim seems to be to beautify them and to make them as safe as possible for travel. Constructive screaming billboards do not fit well into such a scheme of things.

Fur Farms In Western Canada

A Substantial Industry Has Been Built Up In West In Recent Years

Though fur-bearing animals trapped in their native habitats continue to supply the greater percentage of midday's furs, there is a constantly increasing volume coming from fur-raising animals in captivity. Canada, which for generations has been one of the principal sources of supply for furs of a wide variety, and still continues to be, has in recent years been augmenting the catches of trappers and hunters with the products of fur-raising. The industry in Western Canada has grown until it is now a substantial one. Official statistics recently issued show that the total value of fur farms in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia and the Yukon Territory amounts to \$8,677,142, an increase of \$2,860,000 in one year. The total number of fur farms is 999, of which 572 are fox farms, 249 mink farms, 108 marten farms, 70 raccoon farms, 249 martens, fishers, badgers, skunks, beavers, etc. Manitoba is the principal centre of the industry in Western Canada, with British Columbia next, Alberta third and Saskatchewan fourth. The value of animals on the 999 fur farms last year was estimated at \$5,550,000, of which silver foxes alone accounted for over \$3,347,000. An interesting feature of the report is that the value of the muskrat population on the 108 farms increased in one year from \$113,710 to \$629,212, or over 450 per cent.

New Short Air Route

Inauguration of a new air route from North America to Europe by way of Churchill, Hudson Bay and Greenland is under consideration by British, Canadian, United States, German and French interests, delegates attending the midwest section Bankers' Association for Foreign Trade, in Indiana, were told by Case R. Howard, manager of the foreign department of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, New York.

Building Active In Winnipeg

The value of building permits in the City of Winnipeg for the month of March was more than double that for the same month last year, bringing the total for the year up to \$1,001,400. There is marked activity in home construction this year.



Wife: "I don't know what is the matter, but I have lost my head."
Husband: "If I had no more hair to buy."—Moustache, Chartered.

MACDONALD'S Fine Cut Canada's Finest Cigarette Tobacco with ZIG-ZAG papers attached

THE DUSTY HIGHWAY

— BY —
CHRISTINE WHITING
PARMENTER
Copyright 1929

CHAPTER XVI—Continued.

"In that case he needn't know anything about the—circumstances." I haven't told him. I confided in Mrs. Maxwell because I just had to talk to someone; but if Nick knew, he might refuse to go. And you mustn't misunderstand me, either. Nick's the last one not to be glad about such news; but just now he isn't well, and the thought of the expenses to come would be a drop too much. If I'm sick as I was when little Nick was born it will mean putting us in debt again. But I shan't be. I can't be, that's all; but somehow I feel that everything will be all right. I meant not to tell Nick till I had to; and if he goes away at once he needn't know till he comes home. I'm tremendously grateful to you, Mr. Maxwell. It will be a dream come true for him to see the tropics."

John Maxwell met her eyes with a look of unvelled admiration and affection.

"You're a plucky girl, Gay."

She laughed tremulously.

"Oh, no I'm not! Inside I'm just despairing at the thought of having him away just now; but when we were on our honeymoon Uncle Sam gave me some advice that I've never forgotten. He said: 'Don't tie him too close to yer apron strings. Give him plenty of rope to run on.' I think he understood Nick better than I did then. He was just a—well, a child when he married me, Mr. Maxwell, and I've brought him a lot of worries. I don't know that he's ever even felt like complaining; but I know there've been times when he craved a taste of the freedom he's never really had. That's why I'm so glad to let him go—and why he mustn't know what I'm facing. The trip will make a boy of him again—and that's the way I want to keep him. A nature like Nick's ought not to be laden down with cares."

"My child, Nick's cares have been the making of him. What we must do is to lighten them now and then, and give that vagabond spirit of his a chance to roam. And now we've settled his difficulties, I've something else to speak of. You ought not to stay alone in this little house. Mrs. Maxwell wants you to bring the babies and come to us. It will seem good to have some of the empty rooms in use. That's the worst of a big family, Gay. The children leave such a hole when they fly away."

Gay lifted eyes that were very bright.

"That's beautiful of you both; but really, there's no place like home when one doesn't feel quite well. Perhaps Uncle Sam would come and stay with me. I'm sure he would; and he's a real help with the children."

He's getting old, Gay. Wouldn't he add to your cares?"

"Not a bit. Besides, his unfailing good spirits are a tonic. Mrs. Maxwell will understand. I know. It's hard visiting with babies—even such dear friends as you. I'll write Uncle Sam today."

"Well," said John Maxwell, rising, "you must do what makes you happiest, my dear. But our house is always open to you and yours. You won't forget that."

"I shall never forget any of your kindnesses," Gay answered. "I've stored them all safely in my house of memories. Do tell Nick as soon as you reach the bank, Mr. Maxwell. I

can't wait for him to know what's in store for him."

A rejuvenated Nick came home that night. He caught his wife in a bear-like hug, and frolicked with his boys as he hadn't for many a week.

"I can hardly believe it!" he said when the babies were in bed—the dishes washed—and he and Gay were seated before the fire. "I've been feeling so seedy that this trip is a regular god-send. You know how crazy I've been to see Jamaica ever since old Bennington told me so much about it; and to have it come like this—just coming in a penny—Well, it's one of the things that seem too good to be true. If only I could take you with me—"

His eyes looked troubled, and Gay smiled.

"You'll be free without me, dear. You can pretend you're starting off as you did on that May morning so long ago, before your kind heart took pity on the lone, lorn damsel you were leaving."

"She seems mighty contented to be left this time," he replied; then catching a wistful look in her eyes he added: "Gay, it is mean of me to go without you?"

She smiled.

"What a ridiculous idea, since I couldn't go in any case. And you mustn't hurry back, Nick. You must see all you can because you may never see such a chance again. All I ask is that you write by every boat. I won't pretend that I shan't miss you, for you know better; but tell your letters and hear you tell about it will be almost as good as taking the trip myself."

Nick leaned forward to straighten a crumpled log, and gazed into the fire for a long moment.

"It'll be spring when I get back," he said dreamily. "Perhaps the apple trees will be in bloom. I never see 'em, dear, without remembering the morning we started out together. You've been a bull good comrade who has just returned after his adventures in Germany with leaders of a similar society."

"Then don't think about it," she smiled, "or if you must, just remember that I'm keeping in the straight and narrow way, and will be there to meet you at the cross-roads."

She laughed at her own fanciful, and added apologetically: "I seem to be waxing poetical. It's the result of our prospective parting. If you stay too long I may take to writing verses to you!"

"I'll make a rather solid target for the musket," Nick answered. "I can't imagine getting practical about such a substantial." Then he broke off suddenly, his eyes shining: "Gay! do you realize where I'll be a month from now? I'm dizzy at the thought!"

"And ten days later—a cold, raw day of March—armed with a suitcase, innumerable snapshots of his wife and babies, and his old, boyish desire to 'conquer the universe,' Nick strode on the deck of the big, white fruit steamer, and watched the Statue of Liberty drop behind the horizon."

"I wonder," he mused aloud, "I can't help wondering, what adventures I'll live through before I see the good old U.S.A. again."

He turned at a light touch upon his arm.

Angela Halliday stood beside him.

CHAPTER XVII.

There is no place like the deck of a steamer for forcing the flower of intimacy. Angela Halliday was alone, bound for Port Antonio where she was to join the Myers. Nick also being alone, it was not unnatural that the greater part of their time was spent together. Both were good sailors, and on the days when most of the passengers were in their berths, they enjoyed a "solitude a deux" in which their friendship ripened quickly.

Angela had never met his type before, and the novelty pleased her. Besides she had not forgotten her husband's taunt regarding this special victim.

A word in a note from Julie, written in thanks for a discarded sweater, had given news of Nick's proposed trip to the tropics. A little clever detective work as to possible boats, and her plans were made. The fact that the Myers were at Port Antonio, made everything plausible. A hurried trip to New York was no uncommon thing for Angela to indulge in; and her unsuspecting husband had no inkling of her plans until she was safely on the water. Angela smiled at the thought of his baffled rage when he should receive her note.

To Nick the meeting was simply an amazing coincidence. He wrote to Gay:

You could have knocked me down with a feather when I saw her; but really, it's rather pleasant having a friend aboard—even one of whom my wife doesn't approve! I wonder if you and I will ever think alike upon that subject. I feel there's a tragedy somewhere in the background; yet Halliday is surely no boulder. His devotion to little Martha is something wonderful. I don't believe he's missed coming to see her every week this entire winter—but his wife's not happy with him. I don't know which of 'em I pity most. Which would be worst. Gay, not be so happy yourself, or to know you'd failed in making any other happy?"

So it was in a spirit of pity that Nick drank in Angela Halliday's skillful draughts. She rarely mentioned her husband, and he got the impression that the subject was a painful one—something that hurt too deeply to be touched upon. Thus her carefree laughter struck him as both fine and pitiful. He longed to tell her that he understood and sympathized with her, but he was silent. All he could do was to smile, and to let something intangible, possibly the memory of Gay's warning, keep back the words.

(To Be Continued.)

Projectiles To Cross Atlantic

German Plan To Use Rockets For Half-Hour Trans-Atlantic Mail Service

Half-hour trans-Atlantic mail service, with commercial rockets as the carriers.

That was the prediction discussed by G. E. Pendray, vice-president of the American Interplanetary Society, who has just returned after his adventures in Germany with leaders of a similar society.

He said German scientists predict that in two years rockets powered by liquid fuel will fly across the ocean.

"When I left Germany a few weeks ago, plans were completed for sending up the newest type rocket by liquid fuel," said Mr. Pendray. "German scientists working secretly on the rocket seem to have solved the basic problem of sending rockets soaring for miles into the sky by liquid power."

The trouble here has been that the dry fuel now used does not yield sufficient power for the long flight."

The first rocket to go up, according to the plans learned by Mr. Pendray, will be gauged for an ascent of two miles. It will carry a barometer, a camera, and a parachute adjusted to open automatically when the rocket reaches its greatest altitude.

"The Germans have already charted the course for a field in Germany to a field in the vicinity of New York where the projectiles will land," said Mr. Pendray. "A parachute will be used. The landings. The same conference will then be back across the Atlantic over another course with a different cargo."

Persian Balm—the perfect aid to beauty. Essential to real feminine perfection. Resides always in the highest expression of beauty. Its use keeps the hands always soft and flawlessly white. Indispensable to the whole family. Imparts added charm to the mother. Sees the father as a hair fixative and cooling shaving lotion, and protects the tender skin of the child. Persian Balm is the true toilet requisite.

Studying Business Conditions

Party Of British Capitalists Making Tour Of Canada

A party of British capitalists, members of the Federation of British Industries, were among the passengers arriving at Quebec from England on the "Empress of France."

They met Hon. H. H. Stevens, Minister of Trade and Commerce, in Montreal, and will make a tour of Canada to study business conditions and opportunities. The party was composed of Col. Sir James Lithgow, Bart., Sir Arthur Duckham and Moir Mackenzie.

Hard On the "Journalist"

A few days ago an item appeared in a St. Joseph newspaper, evidently the work of a "journalist," and not of a reporter or newspaper man, "that a young man of that city was fatally killed in a motor mishap that morning, and that the young lady who was with him was severely damaged."



after PLAYTIME

Give them a glass of Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk when they come home from school or play.

Children love it, and so many a weary mother has discovered, it is highly digestive and invigorating for building resistance against sickness.

Borden's CHOCOLATE MALTED MILK

A Marvellous Exhibition

Clear Television Pictures Are Produced By Young Inventor

Television is approaching motion pictures in clearness of images it can reproduce.

A small group of spectators in the back room of a market shop on the far west side of Chicago, looked at black and white pictures of nearby persons reproduced at the other end of the same room. The images on the receiving screen were two feet square and move synchronously with motions of the person before the transmitting apparatus.

These "close-ups" were nearly as clear as movie films. Their producer, Ulysses A. Sanabria, said he believed they were the largest and clearest black and white effects yet shown through television to the public.

Harold Hayes, federal radio supervisor for the ninth district described them as "marvellous, the best he had seen in three years of watching the growth of television."

Then the young inventor—he is 24—opened a bag of tricks.

He gave one of his assistants a figurative shaft, manipulating the light rays thrown on his face until evidence of a heavy beard had been almost eliminated.

He threw such a tiny light on the subject that persons nearby could scarcely see him, yet the camera, collecting receiving set picked up the reflected rays and produced a clear view of the face.

Then Sanabria tinted faces and objects placed before the close-up lens. Green on the label of a water jar was clearly apparent. On the other hand, a fairy tinted into the television image.

The color work was done with neon-mercury gases and the black and white pictures with helium gas turned into the special television lamp designed by Warren B. Taylor, co-inventor with Sanabria.

Neither claimed credit for developing color work in television but only the ability to achieve minor effects.

The work was done, however, with only one light channel for the three primary colors, red, blue and green.

"Colors in television are still in an embryonic stage," he said. "So is much of our work in sound effects. Many owners of radios fear their sets will be rendered obsolete by the immediate introduction of television. That is not true. Television will supplement radio. Anytime it has not yet reached a commercial stage of development."

Foreign Students in Paris

France has 15,000 foreign students in her various universities and colleges. The largest number come from Rumania and Poland, about 2,000 from each; more than a thousand each from Germany and Bulgaria; 700 from England; and 600 from Canada and the United States. There are about 450 Chinese.

Glasgow's dog population is dwindling as a result of the depression in Scotland.

Forest Protection

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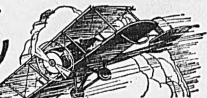
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Mattings is to be made from the fibre of coconut shells in Porto Rico.

The ADVENTURES OF CAPTAIN JIMMY and his dog SCOTTIE



There we stood before General Lu, wondering what was going to happen next. Scottie, bristling with anger and ready to jump at the drop of a hat. The interpreter scowled white, and rather scared lemon yellow—and myself anxious and worried for fear that General Lu would refuse to give us our pass to the Chinese front.

Fortunately General Lu was too great a man to bother much about dignity. Without even a word of comment on Scottie's absurd attack, he sat down and wrote quickly on a sheet of paper, to which he affixed a bright green seal.

Five minutes later we left the palace with a pass that gave us freedom to go anywhere we pleased.

Early next morning we took off in our three planes for Lu-chow—a little town where the fighting was in progress. Soon the country was shown the ravages of war. Buildings were wrecked by shells, and the people were down at the river, and the water was so rough that we almost crashed at our first landing.

Coming back from the battle front we took a road leading up to the town. The air was thick with fog, and the rumble of the guns seemed muffled under the heavy grey sky. Bullet-scattered wood stood black and white, and now and then a tree, with the wood torn into ribbons, showed the spite of high explosives.

Suddenly we noticed a group of men crouching behind a tree. Coming from behind a mound of earth, a dishevelled, grinning and gibbering man came forward to meet us. To our horror, we found that the soldiers had caught a few of the enemy, and tied them up to a large branch that was no time to think. The air was thick with fog, and the rumble of the guns seemed muffled under the heavy grey sky. Bullet-scattered wood stood black and white, and now and then a tree, with the wood torn into ribbons, showed the spite of high explosives.

"Come on, Scottie," I said. "Let's bust up the enemy's headquarters."

"Punching and poking my way through the thicket, I led the way to the enemy's headquarters. The soldiers, of course, did not take this

treatment too kindly, and began to whisper among themselves and finger their rifles. Then took one of our men and suddenly he was one dead man. I pointed to the bright green official seal and said, 'This is the seal of the man who conferred these Chinese soldiers that General Lu refused to give us our pass to the Chinese front.'

Taking out my knife, I cut the captive down, and automatically in hand I showed them through the ring of soldiers who were too surprised to resist. We worked for us.

"I heard those prisoners in that house," I said to Scottie, pointing to a house which remained standing. In fact, it afterwards proved to be the headquarters of the Colonel in charge. Scottie needed no second invitation—with a fierce growl he lunged for the ankles of the three Chinese at the corner of the distance in no time at all.

Then the soldiers suddenly woke up. One man toward us with their bayonets fixed to the door. This was curbed by a sentry, who made a dash at me but missed.

Then as my eyes became accustomed to the gloom of the house, I looked more carefully, and discovered to my dismay that one man was my interpreter, and the other no less than the Colonel himself.

Fortunately the Colonel revived in a few moments, otherwise we would have been shot. He was a man of a century toward the house shooting and carving in the Chinese. Instantly the soldiers turned to me. Quite evidently he hadn't the slightest idea what happened. (To Be Continued.)

Borden's Chocolate Malted Milk

The health-giving, delicious drink for children and grown-ups.

Found and half pound-tins at your grocers.

Little Helps For This Week

"To him that overcometh will I grant to sit with me in my throne."—Revelation III, 21.

Heaven is not reached by a single bound. But we build the ladder by which we rise to the lowly earth to the vaulted skies.

And we mount to its summit round by round.

We rise by the things that are under our feet.

By what we have mastered in greed and gain.

By the pride deposited and the passion slain.

And the vanquished ill we hourly meet.

—John G. Holland.

Our appointed life-way is an ascending path upward. If we would out of picture books of buccanary days, long bearded, peg-legged, with gold hoops in their ears and worsted bonnets.

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is unrivalled for speedily relief in muscular rheumatism, lame back, indurated, burns and felons.

Practically all threatened strikes in Norway last year were settled by arbitration.

More than 220,000 men will be employed on Italy's public works project.

Forest Protection

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Wants Pirate Crew

Will Man Pirate Yacht With Sailors Who Resemble Pictureque Tars

Of Buccanier Days

A wealthy South American sportsman, Dr. Carlos Noel, whose private yacht in the form of a 15th century caravel is now nearing completion, has sent agents along the Brittany and Normandy coasts to recruit a crew which looks as much like a pirate crew as possible.

The "Isarra" will soon be tested off Havre. The caravel will have large, spreading sails and upper decks like the ships of Columbus' fleet, but a modern 120 horsepower engine will be concealed in her hull.

Her crew will be extremely picturesque, old Normandy and Breton sailors, who appear to have stepped out of picture books of buccanary days, long bearded, peg-legged, with gold hoops in their ears and worsted bonnets.

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The Chinook Advance

Published by Mrs. M. C. Nicholson every Thursday afternoon from The Advance Building, Main Street, Chinook, Alberta, and entered in the postoffice as second class mail matter. All letters addressed to the editor, for insertion in The Advance, must be signed to show bona fides of the writer. Publication in all cases is subject to the judgment of the Publisher. We do not necessarily coincide with views expressed in the Advance. The subscription rates to The Advance are \$1.50 per annum in Canada and \$2.00 outside of Canada. The transient advertising rates in The Advance are—display, 40c per inch for first week and 30c for each succeeding week, providing no change is made. For heavy composition an extra charge is made for first week. Reading notices, 10c per cent line. Legal advertising, 15c per cent line for first week and 10c for each succeeding week. Cards of thanks, \$1.00.

The Advance is a member of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers Association and the Alberta Weekly Newspapers Association, and observes the prices and conditions of these organizations.

Heard Around Town

Miss Gladys Wright is visiting with Miss Eileen Bjork in the absence of the latter's mother.

Mrs. E. E. Jacques left Monday morning for Calgary, where she will visit at the home of her parents.

Arrangements are being made for Chinook's annual sports day, to be held this year on June 3rd. Full particulars will be given next week.

The Ladies' Aid will meet at the home of Mrs. C. W. Rideout on Wednesday, May 13th, Mesdames Rideout and Nicholson being joint hostesses.

Mrs. M. Bjork and daughter, Grace, left for Medicine Hat last Monday morning. Mrs. Bjork was present at her daughter's graduation, which took place Tuesday.

The Card Club met this week at the home of Mrs. C. Peterson. Honors went to Mrs. Hurley and Mrs. Dawson. Next week Mrs. S. H. Smith will be the hostess.

Friends of Lloyd Peck will be interested to hear of his marriage on March 14 to Miss Dorothy Bush, of Chicago, a graduate of the University of Illinois. Mr. Peck was a graduate of the University of Michigan and is the general manager of the Laundry-owners National Assoc. They reside in Joliet, Illinois.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stewart held a family reunion at their home on Sunday, March 25th, in honor of their mother, Mrs. Eliza Stewart, who had returned from Regina, where she had spent the winter. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Ed Stewart and Jean, of Naco; Mr. and Mrs. N. D. Stewart and Grace, Coltholme, and D. J. Stewart, Chinook.

The Women's Institute met at the home of Mrs. W. W. Isbister on Wednesday, April 6th, Mesdames Isbister and Nicholson being joint hostesses. The meeting was opened by the president, Mrs. Harry Lloyd gave a very good paper on "Home Economics," Mrs. W. S. Lee gave a good paper on "Boning a Chicken," and Mrs. O. Nelson read a paper on "Legislation." Mrs. Wright Lawrence was appointed the delegate to attend the W. I. convention to be held at Edmonton. There was no other business transacted, as the remainder of the time was taken up with reading correspondence.

Wedding

A very quiet wedding took place last Saturday afternoon at the Knox United church, Calgary, when Miss Ida Margaret Marcy, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. N. F. Marcy, of Chinook, became the bride of Mr. Richard Nicholson, only son of Mr. and Mrs. George Nicholson, of Chinook.

The School Column

Report for March and April

Grade 1	
Neta Schmidt	88
James Gilbertson	86
Helen Pfeiffer	84
Gordon Marr	83
George Rosenau	83
Henry Martens	81
Katy Schmidt	80
Irma Funk	76
Gerald Jacques	73
Amabel Mayers	73
Annie Neufeld	62
Harold Barton, Lois McLean, Welda Vothe, not ranked.	

Grade 2	
Jackie Wright	87
Verna Murray	84
Bobby Proudfoot	83
Peggy Lawrence	78
Harold Rosenau	72
Freda Milligan	66
Annie Funk	47
Lorraine Sandman	43
May McLean, missed tests	

Grade 3	
Rodney Brodine	87
Edith Dawson	86
Arthur Pfeiffer	83
Alburt Myhre	83
George Marcy	80
Peter Neufeld	77
Maxine Hurley	75
Freda Hormann	69
Lester Barton, Billy McLean, not ranked	

Grade 4	
Mary Schmidt	85
Bob Marcy	84
Jim Marcy	83
Seigfred Peters	81
Eileen Proudfoot	81
Jack Lee	77
Marcel Massey	77
Joyce Milligan	75
John Schmidt	72
Isobel Vanhook	68
Agnes Martens	68
Everett Vennard	68
George Schmidt	65
Rudolph Pfeiffer	61
William Hornum	56
Jack Sandman	55

Grade 5	
Edith McLean	89
Jimmy Proudfoot	86
Helena Rosenau	84
George Dick	77
Gilbert Gilbertson	76
Harold Dressel	74
Evlyn Vennard	72
Robert Sandman	70
Evelyn Dawson	68
Loiza Chapman	68
Virginia Dressel	67
Johnny Lloyd	66
Teddy DeMaere	64
Walter Rosenau	58
Norman Jacques	55

Grade 6	
Kathleen Proudfoot	90
Mildred Brownell	86
Gabrielle Massey	79
Chester Rideout	76
Florence Marr	67
Billie McIntosh	68
Jack Loader	56
Earl Robinson	52

Grade 7	
Winnie Murray	85
Ross Sandman	79
Bruce Young	73
Maurice Massey	67
Dean Tomkins	65
William Youell	64
Lorna McLean	61
Robert Gilbertson	58
Helen Faust	49
Myrtle O'Malley	46

Grade 8	
Gerhard v. Riesen	87
Keith Wright	86
Frank Marcy	81
Emmie Bowd	72
Raymond Vennard	73
Mabel Gilbertson	72
Leonard Youell	68
Milton Dressel	68
Paul Lloyd	65
Lyle Milligan	63
Lester Marr	62
Robert McLean	62
Edna Elliot	60
Helen Dawson	59
Fred Vennard	59
Grace O'Malley	49
Louise Rideout	49

Here and There

(517)

With a view to providing proper encouragement for the very important work being done by the Boys and Girls' Club in the Chinook Pacific Railway in offering a scholarship to minors of 16 years and over, exhibiting in the Boys and Girls' Club, cases at Canada's Great Eastern Exhibition, Sherbrooke, Que., August 25-28 next.

The 1930 International Railway Congress may be held in Canada, with Japan as a possible alternative location, according to information brought back from the 1929 gathering in Madrid, Spain, by D. C. Coleman, vice-president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, and Sir George McLaren Brown, European General Manager, who together represented the railway at the recent world meet. Every country in the world, except Russia, was represented.

Launched on June 11, at Clydebank by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales in the presence of a distinguished gathering of notables, S.S. Empress of Britain, ace of Canada's steamships, took the water and pictures of the future were flashed across the Atlantic and the speeches radioed and appeared in New York papers. Congress with the Prince's speech were speeches by Lord Abernethy and E. W. Beatty, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Canada's largest convention held in Canada, largest hotel came to a successful termination last week when the Ancient Arabic Order of the Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, coming from dozens of cities in Canada and the United States, who had invaded Toronto to the number of close on 100,000, left for their respective homes. The Royal York could not of course fully accommodate them and the Canadian Pacific Railway built "Pex City" of railway coaches for the purpose near the hotel.

Meat and dairy products are increasing in popularity on the diet menu of the people of Canada. The per capita consumption of meat is eight per cent, greater than in 1926 and the total quantity of meat consumed annually in the Dominion has increased 20 per cent in the last 10 years.

Ontario tops the list of Canadian provinces with fatalities at level crossings during the past three years, according to Arthur Gaboury, secretary-general of the Province of Quebec Safety League. His figures show 71 deaths in 1928; 78 in 1929 and 16 to the end of May, 1930. These compare with 39, 7 and 7 for Quebec in the same periods. The greatly reduced numbers in the case of Quebec are attributable, says Mr. Gaboury, to the observance of the law in that province calling upon cars to stop when reaching a crossing, whether a train is in sight or not.

Bright Atlantic silver sea-run salmon are entering New Brunswick wick angling waters in greater numbers than ever this year, according to reports from wardens reaching the provincial department of Lands and Mines. On the Restigouche River catches of 2 lb. and 25-lb. salmon have been made.

At the meeting of the Royal Arch Masons held at Yungtown last Monday evening, Mr. James Rennie was installed into the office of Grand Superintendent of District No. 2. Some members from Hanna were present to assist in the ceremony.

Church Announcements

CHINOOK UNITED Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m. to 12 p.m. Come and enjoy the services with us.

Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

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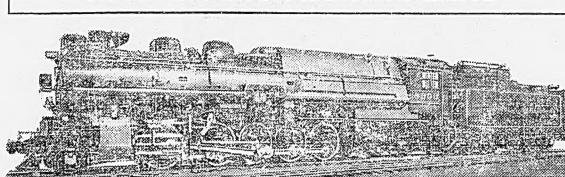
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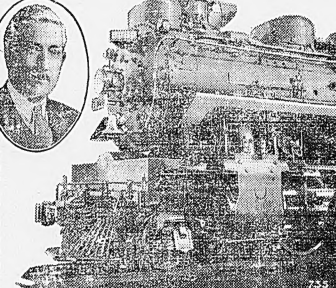
A Pathfinder Tube will do a real job, too!

Newest Locomotive is Monster Indeed



The largest and most powerful locomotive of its kind in the world has just been completed in the Angus Shops of the Canadian Pacific Railway, Montreal, for service in the Rocky Mountains. The new "8000" locomotive represents a new era in the advancement of steam motive power of greater efficiency and higher sustained capacity. It is called a "main-pressure" engine because it generates its steam in three separated portions and at three different pressures and, because of its radical departures in better design, is creating something of a furor in mechanical and railroad circles.

Facts and figures of the "8000" will give some indication of its magnitude, efficiency and strength. It is only a scant nine inches short of 100 feet in length. Weight of engine is 455,000 lbs. and of tender 300,000 lbs., making a total of 755,000 lbs. or 327 1/2 tons. It has five driving wheels on each side, each of which is 63 inches in diameter. Its track effort is 80,000 lbs., which means that on a level track it will haul a freight train, over a mile in length, made up of one hundred and fifty 40-ton cars and representing a total weight of 6000 tons. Its tender has a capacity of 12,000 gallons of water and 4350 gallons of fuel oil enabling it to make long hauls without replenishing. There are 15,000 feet or slightly over three and a half miles of seamless steel tubes used in the construction of the boiler units alone.



An outstanding feature of the "8000" is the firebox unit which is a closed circuit in which 800 gallons of distilled water are continually circulating without loss by evaporation. Distilled water is used because it prevents accumulation of sludge and scale so common in water tube boilers. The closed circuit or firebox unit extends into the high-pressure boiler drum in the form of 16 coils, called heat transfer coils. There are three coils of this type in Europe and they show excellent savings in fuel, ranging from 25 to 35 per cent, as compared with the conventional type of locomotive. But the largest of the European locomotives of this type is only 42 per cent of the weight and develops only 36 per cent of the power of the "8000." It will be noted that the "8000" is made a special trip to Europe in 1929 to study locomotive types and development. The construction of this monster locomotive was handled under direct supervision of Mr. J. Burns, Works Manager, Angus Shops, and Mr. T. Donald, of Mr. Bowen's staff.

Laid-out shows full length view of the "8000"; front-end view; and, inset, Mr. Bowen, designer of the locomotive.

Small Advertisements

Advertisements under this heading are charged at the rate of 50c for 25 words or less per week, with 10c for each additional 5 words. 1 free week for the price of two.

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1 Northern	34.22
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No. 5	32.85
No. 6	32.50
Feed	28.25
OATS	
2 C. W.	15.75
3 C. W.	15.25
Feed	10.75
BUTTER AND EGGS	
Butter	15.15
Eggs	16.00